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Y7Smart 系列高阶伺服说明书

(EtherCAT 总线)

|前言

感谢您使用禾川 Y7Smart 系列伺服驱动器,本说明书主要提供 Y7Smart 系列伺服 EtherCAT 总线型驱动器的规格尺寸、安装接 线等相关使用说明信息。如需更详尽信息请扫描右侧二维码下载 《Y7Smart 高阶伺服系统 EtherCAT 总线技术手册》。



驱动器包装清单如下表:

序号		名称							
1		1							
		安全端子 *	1						
2	配件	抱闸端子	1						
		50pin 端子(CN1 接口)*	1						
3	Y7Smart 系列	高阶伺服说明书 (EtherCAT 总线)	1						
4		合格证	1						

- · 3kw 及以下机型配送电源输入接线端子 *1 和动力输出接线端子 *1
- 通用 N 型机种没有安全端子以及 50pin 端子 (CN1 接口)。 · 全功能 F 型机种包含第二编码器端子 (CN4 接口)
- 确认物件在运输途中是否具有损伤。
- 如果发现问题、请联系经销商。

安全注意事项

安全图标

在接收检验、安装、配线、操作、维护及检查时,应随时注意以下安全注意事项。

对于忽视说明书记载内容,错误的使用本产品,而可能带来的危害和损害的程度 按 下列标识加以区分和说明

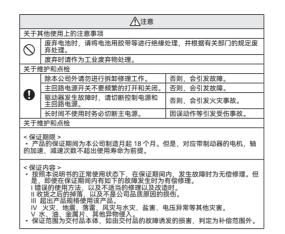
	⚠ 危险	该标志表示「可能会发生导致死亡或重伤事故的危险」的内容				
★注意 该标志表示「可能会导致伤害或财产损失事故发生」的内容对应当遵守的事项用以下的图形标志进行说明						

0	该图形表示必须实行的		内容

⚠危险										
关于安	安装和配线									
\Diamond	切勿将电机直接连接到商用电源。	否则,会引发火灾、故障。								
	请勿在电机、驱动器的周围放置可燃 物。	否则,会引发火灾事故。								
	驱动器必须要用外箱保护,设置保护 外箱时,外箱壁、其他机器和驱动器 之间 要保持使用说明书规定的距离。	否则,会引发触电、火灾、故障。								
	应安装在尘埃较少、不会接触到水、 油等的地方。	否则,会引发触电、火灾、故障、 破损。								
0	电机、驱动器安装在金属等非可燃物 上。	否则,会引发火灾事故。								
U	务必由专业电工进行接线作业。	否则,会引发触电。								
	电机、驱动器的 FG 端子必须接地。	否则,会引发触电。								
	必须事先切断上位断路器,进行正确 的接线。	否则,可能会引发触电、受伤、 故障、破损。								
	电缆应确保连接好、通电部位须用绝 缘物切实地做到绝缘。	否则,会引发触电、火灾、故障。								

	⚠危险	
关于护	操作运行	
	请勿触摸驱动器内部。	否则,会引发烧伤、触电事故。
	请勿让电缆线受到损伤、承受过大的 外力、重压、受夹。	否则,会引发触电、故障。
	切勿接触运转中的电机旋转部。	否则,会引发受伤事故。
\sim	请勿将电缆线浸在油和水中使用。	否则,会引发触电、受伤、火灾 事故。
0	请勿用湿手进行接线和操作。	否则,会引发触电、受伤、火灾 事故。
	使用轴端带键槽的电机时,请勿裸手 接触键槽。	否则,会引发受伤事故。
	电机、驱动器、散热器的温度会升高, 请勿触摸。	否则,会引发烧伤或部件损伤事 故。
	请勿用外部动力驱动电机。	否则,会引发火灾事故。
关于非	其他使用上的注意事项	
	在地震发生后务必进行相关安全确 认。	否则,会引发触电、受伤、火灾 事故。
0	为防止发生地震时造成火灾及人身事 故,应切实地进行设置和安装。	否则,会引发受伤、触电、火灾、 故障、破损。
	务必在外部设置紧急停止电路,以确保紧急时可以及时地停止运转、切断电源。	否则,引发受伤、触电、火灾、故障、 破损。
关于约	推护和点检	
0	驱动器有危险高压部分。进行配线和 点检工作时,必须切断电源放置使其 放电后(5 分钟以上)进行。并且, 绝对不允许对其进行分解。	会引发触电事故。

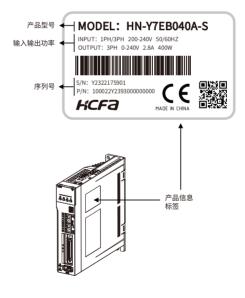
	⚠注意	
关于	安装和配线	
	电机和驱动器要按指定的匹配组合。	否则,会引发火灾、故障。
	不可直接触碰连接器端子。	否则,会引发触电、故障。
	注意通风口不可堵塞,或异物进入。	否则,会引发触电、火灾。
0	试运转须在电机固定,并与其它机械 系统分离状态下实施。动作确认后再 安装 到机械系统上。	否则,会引发受伤事故。
	遵守指定的安装方法、安装方向。	否则,会引发受伤、故障。
	请根据设备本身的重量和产品的额定 输出进行妥当安装。	否则,会引发受伤、故障。
关于	操作和运转	
	请勿站在产品上、或在产品上放置重 物。	否则, 会引发触电、 受伤、故障 破损。
\sim	禁止极端的增益调整及变更,会导致 运作不稳定。	否则,会引发故障,破损。
\bigcirc	请勿在受日光直接照射的地方使用。	否则,会引发故障。
	请勿使电机及电机轴部受到较强的冲 击。	否则,会引发故障。
	电机内置制动器的作用是保持用制 动,禁止用在通常的制动场合。	否则,会引发受伤、故障。
	停电后恢复供电时,有可能出现突然 启动的情况,故请勿靠近机器。务必 做好机器设定,以确保即使重启也可 确保人身安全。	否则,会引发受伤事故。
	不要使用有故障、破损的电机和驱动器。	否则,会引发触电、火灾、受伤。
0	请确认电源规格是否正常。	引发故障发生原因。
•	保持制动器不是确保机械安全的停止 装置。请在机械侧设置确保安全用的 停止装置。	否则,会引发受伤事故。
	报警时,排除故障原因,确保安全后, 解除报警,重启。	否则,会引发受伤事故。
	制动器用继电器与紧急停止用断路继电器需串联。	否则,会引发受伤、故障。
关于	般运和保管	
\Diamond	不能保存在雨水及水滴溅到的场所、 有毒性气体及液体的地方。	否则,会引发故障的。
	搬运时,切勿抓持电缆或电机轴部。	否则,会引发受伤,故障。
_	进行搬运时或安装作业时要以防落下 或翻倒。	否则,会引发受伤,故障。
0	需长期保存时,请按本说明书记载的 联系方法进行咨询。	引发故障的原因。
	请保管在符合本说明书中规定保管环 境的保管场所。	否则,会引发故障。



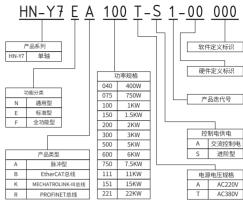
↑产品型号说明

驱动器铭牌说明

Y7Smart 系列伺服驱动器侧面标签说明



型号说明



3产品规格

环境规格

项目	规格				
环境要求	开放式及室内使用				
环境温度	0℃~50℃ (环境温度在 45 度以上每升高 5 度降额 10%)				
保存温度	-20 ~ 65℃ (最高温度保证: 80℃ 72 小时 无结露)				
使用环境湿度	20% ~ 85%RH 以下 (无结露)				
保管湿度	20% ~ 85%RH 以下 (无结露)				
抗振性	5.88m/s2(0.6G) 以下, 10-60Hz (避免在共振点连接使用)				
抗冲击强度	加速度 100m/s2 以下 (XYZ)				
保护等级	IP20				
清洁度	・ 无腐蚀性气体、可燃性气体				
消厄及	• 无水、油、药剂飞溅				
海拔高度	1000m 以下 (1000m ~ 2000m 时, 可降低额定值后使用)				
污染等级	2				
过电压类别	III				
故障短路电流	5Ka				
其他	无静电干扰、强电场、强磁场、放射线等				

AC220V 基本规格

项目			规格				
型号 HN-	Y7 🗆 🗆 ***	040	040 075 100 150			200	
最大适用电机容量 (kW)			0.4	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0
连续输出电流 (Arms)			2.8	5.5	7.6	11.6	15.6
瞬时最大输出电流 (Arms)			9.3	16.9	17	28	39
	电源电压 (Arms)		单相 AC2	200 ~	三相 AC200 ~ 240V、		
主回路			240V、50/60Hz		50/60Hz		
	电流(Arm	ns)	2.5	4.1	5.7	7.3	10
控制电源				共月	用主回路甲	1.源	
	内置电阻	电阻值 (Ω)	_	50	50	50	20
再生电阻	四里里四	容量 (W)	_	80	80	100	100
	外置最小容	许电阻值(Ω)	40	40	35	20	20
过电压等级					III		

1-2 1-1

AC380V 基本规格

项目				·								
펠号 HN-Y7 □□ ***T-S** ****				150	200	300	500	600	750	111	151	221
最大适用电机容量 (kW)				1.5	2.0	3.0	5.0	6.0	7.5	11	15	22
连续输出电流 (Arms)				5.4	8.4	11.9	16.5	20.8	25.7	28.1	37.2	52
瞬时最大输出电流 (Arms)				17	24	31	44	52	65	70	88	105
主回路	电源电压	三相 AC330 ~ 440V、50/60Hz										
	电流 (Arms)		2.9	4.3	5.8	8.6	14.5	17.4	21.7	23.4	29.6	43.4
控制电源			共	用主回	即路电	源	三相	AC33	0 ~ 4	440V	50/	60Hz
	内置电阻	电阻值 (Ω)	50	50	50	40	25	20	20	-	_	$\overline{}$
再生电阻		容量 (W)	80	80	80	100	100	100	100	_	_	
	外置最小容许电阻值 (Ω)		40	40	40	35	25	20	20	15	10	10
过电压等组	及						- 1	II				

⚠ 注意

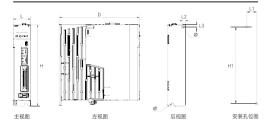
- 1)以通常的额定负载率使用外置再生电阻器时,当电阻器的温度将达到 200°C~300°C,请务必降低额定值后再使用。关于电阻器的负载特性,请向生产厂家谷询。
- 2) 为确保安全,建议使用带温控开关的外置再生电阻器。

4 伺服驱动器安装及尺寸说明

Y7Smart 驱动配置表

伺服驱	SIZE A			SIZE B		SIZE D		
动器	HN-Y7 🗆 🗆 0	V04 C		HN-Y7 □□ 075A-S		HN-Y7 □ □ 150A-S		
(AC220V)	HN-T7 UU C	14UA-5		HN-Y7 □□ 100A-S		HN-Y7 □ □ 200A-S		
	SIZE C	SIZE D)	SIZE E	SIZE F		SIZE G	
伺服驱动	HN-Y7 □□ 100T-S	UN V7 DD	2007 6		LINI V7	' □ □ 600T-S	HN-Y7 □□ 111T-S	
(AC380V)	HN-Y7 🗆 🗆 150T-S					' □ □ 750T-S		
	HIN-17 □□ 1001-3	niv-i/ 🗆 🗆 .	3001-3		miN-17	□□ /501=5	HN-Y7 □ □ 221T-S	

Y7Smart 系列驱动器安装尺寸

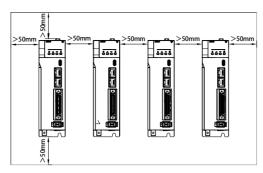


结构	SIZE A	SIZE B	SIZE C	SIZE D (AC220V)	SIZE D (AC380V)	SIZE E	SIZE F	SIZE G
L(mm)	37.0	47.0	55.0	70	0.0	90.0	90.0	194.0
H(mm)	172.0	172.0	175.0	17	5.0	182.8	243.3	260.0
D(mm)	170.0	170.0	180.0	18	0.0	192.5	205.2	205.0
L1(mm)	21.3	31.3	39.7	54	i.7	76.0	76.0	
L2(mm)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5	5.5		7.0	
L3(mm)	5.0	4.5	5.0	5	5.0		6.0	请参考"大
H1(mm)	162.8	162.8	163.0	16	3.0	168.0	227.5	功率驱动安
孔径 (φ)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5	.5	6.0	6.0	装说明"
螺丝孔	2-M5	2-M5	2-M5	2-M5		3-M5	4-M5	
锁紧扭矩 (Nm)	3.5N·M	3.5N·M	3.5N·M	3.5N·M		3.5N·M	3.5N·M	
重量 (kg)	0.76	1.01	1.21	1.45	1.5	2.2	3.6	8.77

机柜安装说明

注意事项

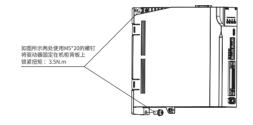
- → 安装伺服驱动器时,不可封住其吸排气孔,也不可将其倾倒放置,否则会造成故障。 →为了使散热风扇能够有比较低的风阻,以有效排出热量,安装一台或多台驱动器时,请依循安装间隔距离建议值。
- →请避免上下排列使用,因下排驱动器在运转时所产生的热气上升,容易造成上排 驱动器不必要的温度增加。



注)图中驱动器安装间隔距离 50mm 是按照在最高 55°C的条件下,无外界通风的情况。具体取决于客户的散热条,比如柜体温度,通风条件等,如能保证驱动器的使用环境温度低于 55°C,间隔距离可以低于 50mm。

结构安装说明

注意事项



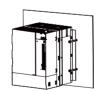
大功率驱动安装说明

此说明适用于 HN-Y7 □□ 111T-S、HN-Y7 □□ 151T-S、HN-Y7 □□ 221T-S 机型,用户可以根据设备使用需要选择采用壁挂式安装或者穿墙式安装。

壁挂安装:







Step3 使用M6的内六角螺钉将驱动器固定在机 柜的背板上,并保证牢固可靠,建议锁紧 扭力为3N·m

穿墙安装:







Step1 使用工具,在电柜背板上开 4个φ6.5的孔,并将阴影面 积挖空具体尺寸如图所示

Step2 取出随机包装内的安装支架和6颗 M5*12的螺钉,用螺钉将安装支架 固定在驱动器两侧,如图所示。

Step3 将驱动器推入孔洞,并使用M6的内六角 螺钉将驱动器固定在机柜的背板上,并 保证牢固可靠,建议锁紧扭力为3N·m

5配线

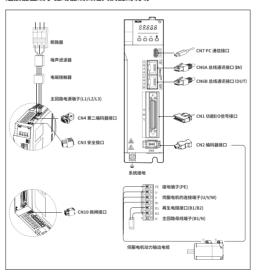
线缆要求

端子 名称		型号 HN-Y7 □□□□□ A-S							
納丁	口彻	040	075	100	150	200			
LC1、LC2	控制电源输入端子		<u> </u>						
L1、L2、L3	主回路电源输入端子	0.82mm ²	(AWG18)	1.318mm	2.075mm²(AWG14)				
U, V, W	伺服电机连接端子	0.82mm²(AWG18)	1.318mm	²(AWG16)	2.627mm²(AWG13)	4.17mm²(AWG11)			
B1、B2	外置再生电阻连接端子	根据外置电阻的实际功率确定,可咨询电阻厂商或者我司技术人员							
	接地端子		> 2.075mm²(<awg14)< td=""></awg14)<>						

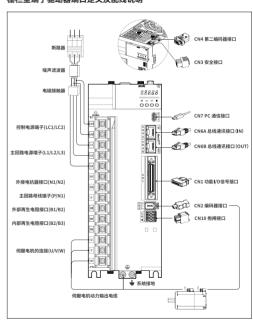
端子	名称	型号 HN-Y7 □□□□□ T-S									
地工	口彻	100	150	200	300	500	600	750	111	151	221
LC1、LC2	控制电源输入端子	_			输入端子 — 0.82mm²(AWG18)						
L1、L2、L3	主回路电源输入端子	0.82 (AW	mm² G18)	1.646mm² (AWG15)		3.332mm² (AWG12)	4.17mm² (AWG11)	5.26mm² (AWG10)	6.63mm² (AWG9)	8.37mm² (AWG8)	10.55mm² (AWG7)
U、V、W	伺服电机连接端子	1.026mm² (AWG17)		1.646mm² (AWG15)	2.627mm² (AWG13)	3.332mm² (AWG12)	4.17mm² (AWG11)	6.63mm² (AWG9)	8.37mm² (AWG8)	10.55mm² (AWG7)	13.3mm² (AWG6)
B1、B2	外置再生电阻连接端子		根据外置电阻的实际功率确定,可咨询电阻厂商或者我司技术人员								
	接地端子	> 2.075mm²(<awg14)< td=""><td></td></awg14)<>									

注 1) 如有穿管、线槽等封闭,或者现场环境温度较高(>55℃)时,请将线轨规格加大一档。

连接器型端子驱动器端口定义及配线说明



栅栏型端子驱动器端口定义及配线说明



CN1 端子排列

			1	SG	GND		l		26	OUT3-	输出信号 可分配	
2	SG	GND	3	PL1	集电极开路指令用内	27	OUT4+	高速输出	28	OUT4-	高速输出	
4	SEN	SEN 信号输入			部电源 12V	29	OUT1+	输出信号				
4	SEIN	35以 旧り細八	5	V-REF	模拟量	27	0011+	可分配	30	OUT1-	输出信号	
6	SG	GND		V IXEI	速度输入指令	31	ALM+	伺服警报输出			可分配	
	- 50	GIAD	7	空	空	- 01	ALIT		32	ALM-	伺服警报输出	
8	空	空		_		33	PAO	编码器分频脉冲数输			(中工) ロロノハ (本日) 小山 30年4年	
	_	_	9	T-RFF	模拟量			出A相	34	/PAO	编码器分频脉冲数输	
10	SG	GND	-		转矩指令输入	35	PBO	编码器分频脉冲数输			出A相	
			11	空	空			出B相	36	/PBO	编码器分频脉冲数输	
12	空	空			_	37	OUT5+	高速输出			出B	
			13	PL2	集电极开路指令用内				38	OUT5-	高速输出	
14	CLR	集电极			部电源 12V	39	DAC0	模拟量输出 1			回原信号	
		清除输入	15	空	空				40	SI0	四原信号 驱动输入	
16	空	空				41	SI1	探针 1				
		_	17	空	空				42	SI2	禁止正转侧 驱动输入	
18	PL3	集电极开路指令用				43	SI3	禁止反转侧			知如柳八	
			19	PCO+	编码器分频脉冲数输			驱动输入	44	SI4	探针 2	
20	/PCO	编码器分频脉冲数			出C相	45	空	空				
		输出 C 相	21	空	空				46	空	空	
22	空	空				47	DI	外部 24V 电源输入			_	
		_	23	空	空		(COM)		48	DAC1	模拟量输出 2	
24	空	空		_	_	49	OCZ	Z信号				
			25	OUT3+	輸出信号			集电极输出	50	TH	外部温度检测	
					可分配					L		

- 注 1) 仅全功能 F 型支持高速输出、模拟量输入及脉冲分频输出。
- 注 2) 通用 N 型无 CN1。

编码器信号 (CN2)

接口布局	Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	売体
3 4	编码器电源 +5V	编码器电源 0V	ı	ı	串行数据 (+)	串行数据 (-)	_

安全功能信号 (CN3)

驱动	器 STO 接I			STO 安	全接头		接口布局				
							ED№	1+ [8	7	EDM-
		'ľ					HWBB2	2+ [6	5	HWBB2-
		ן'					HWBB1	1+	4	3	HWBB1-
		· þ			IXIII		N	- [2	1	NC+
♣_		ι Ι						٠			-
Pin1	Pin2	Pin3		Pin4	Pin5	F	Pin6	- 1	Pin7		Pin8
NC+	NC-	HWBE	1-	HWBB1+	HWBB2-	Н۷	/BB2+	Е	DM-	- T	EDM+
_		输入	1-	输入 1+	输入 2-	输	入 2+	朝	ì出·	-	输出+

第二编码器(CN4)



引脚	增量式 ABZ 编码器带差分霍尔传感器	正余弦编码器带差分霍尔传感器和 Z 信号	BISS 编码器	多摩川编码器
1	+5V 输出 电流输出≤ 300mA	+5V 输出 电流输出≤ 300mA	+5V 输出 电流输出≤ 300mA	+5V 输出 电流输出≤ 300mA
2	0V 输出	0V 输出	0V 输出	0V 输出
3	霍尔 U+	霍尔 U+	_	_
4	霍尔 U-	霍尔 U-	_	_
5	霍尔 V+	霍尔 V+	_	_
6	增量编码器 A-	正弦编码器 Sin -	BISS-C CLK-	Serial DATA-
7	增量编码器 B-	正弦编码器 Cos -	BISS-C DATA-	_
8	增量编码器 Z-	增量编码器 Z-	_	_
9	霍尔 W+	霍尔 W+	_	_
10	霍尔 V-	霍尔 V-	_	_
11	增量编码器 A+	正弦编码器 Sin +	BISS-C CLK+	Serial DATA+
12	增量编码器 B+	正弦编码器 Cos +	BISS-C DATA+	_
13	增量编码器 Z+	增量编码器 Z+	_	_
14	霍尔 W-	霍尔 W-	_	_
15	温度传感器信号	温度传感器信号	温度传感器信号	温度传感器信号
売体	屏蔽	屏蔽	屏蔽	屏蔽

通讯接口 (CN6)

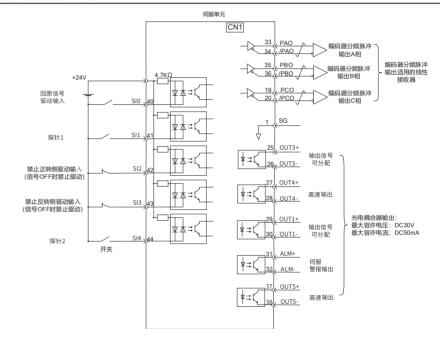
接口布局	Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
8 7 6 6 5 4 4 4 3 3 1	TD+	TD-	RD+	ı	_	RD-	_	_

抱闸接口 (CN10)

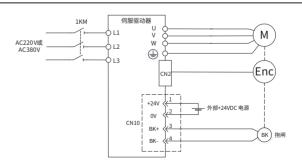
驱动器 9	TO 接口	STO 安	接口布局				
				T-	6	5	T+
		何服电机刹车	BK-	4	3	BK+	
		ш	0V	2	1	24V	
			DC 24V 电源				
Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5		Pi	n6
24V	0V	BK+	T+	T	1	Γ-	
24V	电源	伺服剂	温控 +		温	控 -	

注 1) : 刹车 DC24V 电源请勿和 CN1 控制回路电源共用, NTC 规格为 KTY84

输入输出信号的连接示例(总线型)



抱闸接线



1QF:接线用断路器 FIL:噪音滤波器 1SUP:浪涌抑制器

6Y7Smart 系列伺服报警简表

故障警报原因及处理措施

警报编号: 警报名称 (警报内容)	原因	确认方法	处理措施
	电源电压瞬时下降	测量电源电压 确认断电的时间	将电源电压设定在规格范围内,进行参数设定值的初始 化(Fn005)。
	在参数写入过程中关闭了电源	W W W	在进行参数设定值的初始(Fn005)后,再次输入参数。
A.020: 参数和校验异常	参数的写入次数超过了最大值	确认是否从上位装置频繁地进行了参数变更	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。 改变参数写入方法。
(伺服单元内部参数的 数据异常)	因来自 AC 电源、接地以及静电等的噪音 而产生了误动作	多次接通电源后仍发生警报时,有可能是噪音的原 因	采取防止噪音干扰的措施。
	由于气体、水滴或切削油等导致伺服单元 内部的部件发生了故障	确认安装环境	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
	伺服单元故障	多次接通电源后仍发生警报 时,有可能是发生了故障。	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.021: 参数格式化异常	与发生警报的伺服单元的软件版本相比, 写入参数的软件版本更新	利用 Fn012 确认软件版本是否相同。如果版本不同,有可能导致警报发生	写入软件版本、型号相同的其他伺服单元的参数,然后 再接通电源。
(伺服单元内部参数的 数据形式异常)	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.022:	电源电压瞬时下降	测量电源电压	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
系统和校验异常 (伺服单元内部参	在设定辅助功能的过程中关闭了电源	确认断电的时间	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
数的数据异常)	伺服单元故障	多次接通电源后仍发生警报时,有可能是发生了故 障	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.030: 主回路检出部故障	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。更换伺服单元。
	伺服单元容量与伺服电机容量不匹配	确认伺服单元与伺服电机的容量及组合	使伺服单元与伺服电机的容量相互匹配。
A.040: 参数设定异常	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
(超过设定范围)	在参数设定范围外	确认变更后的参数的设定范围	使变更后的参数为设定范围内的值。
(GERAL/GE)	电子齿轮比的设定值在设定范围外	确认电子齿轮比是否为 0.001 < (Pn78C/Pn78E) < 4000	将电子齿轮比设为 0.001 < (Pn78C/Pn78E) < 4000。
A.041: 分频脉冲输出设定异常	编码器分频脉冲数 (Pn212) 不满足设定范围和设定条件	确认 Pn212	将 Pn212 设定为适当的值。
	由于变更了电子齿轮比(Pn78C/ Pn78E)或伺服电机,使得程序 JOG 运 行(Fn004)的速度不符合设定范围	确认检出条件公式 *1 是否成立	减小电子齿轮比 (Pn78C/Pn78E)的值。
A.042*1: 参数组合异常	由于变更了程序 JOG 移动速 度 (Pn533), 导致程序 JOG 运行(Fn004) 的速度不符合设定范围	确认检出条件公式 *1 是否成立	增大程序 JOG 移动速度(Pn533)的值。
	由于变更了电子齿轮比(Pn78C/ Pn78E)或伺服 电机,高级自动调谐的 移动速度不符合设定范围	确认检出条件公式 *1 是否成立	减小电子齿轮比 (Pn78C/Pn78E)的值。
A.044: 半闭环 / 全闭环参数设定 故障	全闭环模块与 Pn002.3 的设定不符	确认 Pn002.3 的设定	使全闭环模块与 Pn002.3 的设定相符。
A.050: 组合错误	伺服单元容量与伺服电机的容量不匹配	确认为 $\frac{1}{4} \le \frac{\text{et} N \text{ Figure 2}}{\text{伺服单元容量}} \le 4$	使伺服单元与伺服电机的容量相互匹配。
(在可组合的电机	编码器故障	与别的伺服电机更换,确认警报不再发生	更换伺服电机 (编码器)。
容量范围以外)	伺服单元故障	_	有可能是伺服单元故障。 换伺服单元。
A.051: 产品不支持警报	在伺服单元上连接了不支持的串行转换单元、 编码器、外部编码器	确认产品的组合	变更为配套的组合。
A.0b0: 伺服 ON 指令无效警报	执行了电机通电辅助功能后,从外部输入 了伺服 ON (/S-ON) 信号	_	再次接通伺服单元的电源或者执行软件复位。

警报编号:警报名称 (警报内容)	原因	确认方法	处理措施
	主回路电缆接线错误或 接触不良	确认接线是否正确 详情参照	修改接线。
	主回路电缆内部发生短路或接地故障	确认电缆的 UVW 相间、UVW 与 接地之间是否发生短路。	电缆有可能短路。 更换电缆。
	伺服电机内部发生短路或接地短路	确认电机端子的 UVW 相间、UVW 与接地之间是 否发生短路。	有可能是伺服电机故障。 更换伺服电机。
	伺服单元内部发生短路 或接地	确认伺服单元的伺服电机连接 端子的 UVW 相间、UVW 与接地 之间是否发生短路。详情参照	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
	再生电阻接线错误或接触不良	确认接线是否正确	修改接线。
A.100: 过电流检出 (过电流流过了功率晶	动态制动器 (因 DB、 伺服单元而发生的紧急 停止)的使用频度高、 或发生了 DB 过载警报	通过 DB 电阻功耗 (Un00B) 来确认 DB 的使用频率。或者利用警报记录的显示 (Fn000) 来确认是否发生了 DB 过载警报 A.730、A.731。	变更伺服单元的选型、运行方法和机构,以降低 DB 的 使用频度。
体管或散热片过热)	再生电阻值过高,超过 了再生处理能力	利用再生负载率 (Un00A)来确认再生电阻的使 用频率	考虑运行条件和负载,再次探讨再生电阻值。
	伺服单元的再生电阻值 过小	利用再生负载率 (Un00A)来确认再生电阻的使 用频率	将再生电阻值变更为伺服单元最小容许电阻值以上的 值。
	在伺服电机停止时或低 速运行时承受了高负载	确认运行条件是否在伺服驱动 器的规格范围以外。	减轻伺服电机承受的负载或以较高的运行速度运行。
	因噪音而产生误动作	改善接线、安装等噪音环境, 确认有无效果	采取防止噪音的措施,如正确进行 FG 的接线等。另外,FG 的电线尺寸请使用和 "伺服单元主回路电线尺寸"相同的电线。
	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故 障。
			更换伺服单元。
	将再生电阻容量(Pn600)设为 "0"以外 的值,却没有外置再生电阻器	确认外置再生电阻器的连接和 Pn600 的值。	连接外置再生电阻器,或在不需要再生电阻器时, 将 Pn600 设定为 0。
A.300: 再生故障	没有外置再生电阻器,且伺服单元电源端 子 B2-B3 的跨接线脱落	确认电源端子跨接线的接线	正确连接跨接线。
13247	外置再生电阻器的接线不良、脱落或断线	确认外置再生电阻器的接线	对外置再生电阻器进行正确接线。 在不接通主回路电源的状态下,再次接通控制电源,仍
	伺服单元故障	_	任不接通王四路电源的状态下,再次接通控制电源,10 然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。更换伺服单元。
	电源电压超过规格范围	测量电源电压	将电源电压设定在规格范围内。
	外置再生电阻值或再生电阻容量不足,或 者处于连续再生状态	再次确认运行条件或容量	变更再生电阻值、再生电阻容量 再次进行运行条件的调整。
A.320:	连续承受负负载,处于连续再生状态	确认向运行中的伺服电机施加的负载	再次探讨包括伺服、机械、运行条件在内的系统。
再生过载	参数 Pn600 中设定的容量小于外置再生 电阻的容量	确认再生电阻器的连接和 Pn600 的值	校正参数 Pn600 的设定值。
	外置再生电阻值过大	确认再生电阻值是否正确	将其变更为正确的电阻值和容量。
	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
	伺服单元内部的电源电压过高,再生电阻 器断线	用测量仪器测量再生电阻器的电阻值	使用伺服单元内置的再生电阻器时,更换伺服单元。 使用外置再生电阻器时,更换再生电阻器。
	设定 AC 电源输入时,输入了 DC 电源	确认电源是否为 DC 电源	使电源的设定值与使用的电源保持一致。
A.330: 主回路电源接线错误 * 在接通主回路电源时检	设定 DC 电源输入时,输入了 AC 电源 将再生电阻容量(Pn600)设为"0"以外的值,却没有外置再生电阻器	确认电源是否为 AC 电源 确认外置再生电阻器的连接和 Pn600 的值	使电源的设定值与使用的电源 保持一致。 连接外置再生电阻器,或在不需要外置再生电阻器时, 将 Pn600 设定为 0。
出	上述以外容量的伺服单电源端子 B2-	确认电源端子跨接线的接线	正确连接跨接线。
	B3 的跨接线脱落 伺服单元故障		 可能是伺服单元故障。
		_	更换伺服单元。
A.400:	- AC200V 用伺服单元、AC 电源电压在 290V 以上,或者 AC400V 用伺服单元检 出了 AC580V 以上的电源电压 - AC200V 用伺服单元、DC 电源电压 在 410V 以上,AC400V 用伺服单元检出 了 830V 以上的 DC 电源电压	测量电源电压	将 AC/DC 电源电压调节到产品规格范围内。
过电压 (通过伺服单元内部的 大同路内流報が出ばれ	电源处于不稳定状态,或受到了雷击的影 响	测量电源电压	改善电源状况,设置浪涌抑制器等后再次接通电源,仍 然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。更换伺服单元。
主回路电源部检出过电 压)	在 AC 电源电压高于规格范围时进行了加减速	确认电源电压和运行中的速度、转矩	将 AC 电源电压调节到产品规格范围内。
	外置再生电阻值比运行条件大	确认运行条件和再生电阻值	考虑运行条件和负载,再次探讨再生电阻值。
	在容许转动惯量比以上的状态下运行 伺服单元故障	确认转动惯量比在容许转动惯量比以内	延长减速时间,或减小负载。 在不接通主回路电源的状态下,再次接通控制电源,仍
A 610:	AC200V 用伺服单元、AC 电源电压 在 120V 以下, AC400V 用伺服单元、 AC 电源电压在 220V 以下	测量电源电压	然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。更换伺服单元。 将电源电压调节到正常范围。
A.410: 欠电压	运行中电源电压下降	测量电源电压	增大电源容量。
(通过伺服单元内部的 主回路电源部 检出欠电	发生瞬时停电	测量电源电压	如果变更了瞬时停电保持时间(Pn509),则设定为较小的值。
压)	伺服单元的保险丝熔断 伺服单元故障	_	更换伺服单元,连接电抗器后再使用伺服单元。 可能是伺服单元故障。
A.450:			更换伺服单元。
主回路电容过电压	伺服单元故障	_	更换伺服单元。

警报编号:警报名称 (警报内容)	原因	确认方法	处理措施
	电机接线的 U、V、W 相序错误 指令输入值超过了过速值	确认伺服电机的接线 确认输入指令	确认电机接线是否有问题。 降低指令值,或调整增益。
A.510: 过速(电机速度在最高速 度以上	电机速度超过了最高速度	确认电机速度的波形	降低速度指令輸入增益,调整伺服增益,或调整运行条件。
及以上	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.511:	分频脉冲的输出频率过大,超过了限制值	确认分频脉冲的输出设定	降低编码器分频脉冲数(Pn212)的设定。
分频脉冲输出过速	电机速度过高,分频脉冲的输出频率超过 了限制值	确认分频脉冲的输出设定和电机速度	降低电机速度。
A.520: 振动警报	检出电机速度异常振动	确认电机的异常声音和运行时的速度、转矩波形	降低电机速度。 或降低速度环增益(Pn100)。
A.521:	转动惯量比(Pn103)的值比实际值大或 进行了大的变动	确认转动惯量比	正确地设定转动惯量比 (Pn103)。 减小负载,使其在容许转动惯量比以下,或提高免调整
A.521: 高级自动调谐警报(在单 参数调谐、	在使用免调整功能时电机振动很大	确认电机速度的波形	减小页载,使具任谷叶转动惯重比以下,或提高宏调整值设定(Fn200)的负载值,或降低刚性值。
EasyFFT、免调整功能中检出了振动)	在执行单参数调谐、 EasyFFT 过程中, 电机振动很大	确认电机速度的波形	实施各功能操作步骤中的处理措施。
A.710:	电机接线、编码器接线不良或连接不良	确认接线	确认电机接线、编码器接线是否有问题。
A./10: 过载	电机运行超过了过载保护特性	确认电机的过载特性和运行指	重新探讨负载条件、运行条件 或者重新研讨电机容量。
(瞬时最大负载) A.720:	由于机械性因素而导致电机不驱动,造成 运行时的负载过大	确认运行指令和电机速	改善机械性因素。
过载 (连续最大负载)	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
	电机在被外力驱动	确认运行状态	不要通过外力驱动电机。
A.730: A.731: DB 过载 (检出动态制动器	DB 停止时的旋转能量超 过 DB 电阻的容量	通过 DB 电阻功耗 (Un00B) 来确认 DB 的使用频率	尝试以下措施 ・降低伺服电机的指令速度。 ・减小转动惯量比。 ・减少 DB 停止的次数。
的功耗过大)	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.740: 冲击电流限制电阻过载	超过主回路电源 ON/OFF 时的冲击电流 限制电阻的容许次数	_	减少主回路电源的 ON/OFF 次数。
(主回路电源接通频度 过高)	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
	环境温度过高	用温度计测量环境温度	改善伺服单元的安装条件,降低环境温度。
	通过关闭电源而多次对过载警报复位后进 行了运行	通过警报记录的显示(Fn000)确认过载警报	变更警报的复位方法。
A.7A0: 散热片过热 (伺服单元的散热片温	负载过大,或运行时超过了再生处理能力	通过累积负载率 Un009)来 确认运行中的负载,通过再生负载率(Un00A)来确认再生处理能力	重新探讨负载条件、运行条件。
度超过了 100°C)	伺服单元的安装方向、与其他伺服单元的 间隔不合理	确认伺服单元的安装状态	根据伺服单元的安装标准进行安装。
	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.7AB: 伺服单元内置风扇停止	伺服单元内部的风扇停止转动	确认是否卡入了异物	去除异物后,仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
	第一次接通绝对值编码器的电源	确认是否是第一次接通电源	进行编码器的设定操作(Fn008)。
A.810:	拆下编码器电缆后又进行了连接 伺服单元的控制电源(+5V)以及电池电	确认是否是第一次接通电源	确认编码器的连接,进行编码器的设定操作(Fn008) 恢复编码器的供电(更换电池等)之后,进行编码器
编码器备份警报 * 仅在连接绝对值编码器 时检出	源均发生故障	确认编码器插头的电池和插头状态是否正确	的设定作(Fn008)。 即使再次进行设定操作也不能解除警报时,更换伺服电
* 在编码器侧检出	绝对值编码器故障	_	机。
	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.820: 编码器和数校验警报 * 在编码器侧检出	编码器故障	_	・绝对值编码器时, 再次设定 (Fn008)编码器,仍然频繁发生警报时,有 可能是伺服单元故障。更换伺服电机。 応转程绝对值编码器或增量型编码器时有可能是伺服 电机故障。 更换伺服电机。。
	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.830:	电池连接不良、未连接	确认电池的连接	正确连接电池。
编码器电池警报 (绝对值编码器的电池	电池电压低于规定值 (2.7V) 伺服单元故障	测量电池的电压	更换电池。 可能是伺服单元故障。
电压在规定值以下)	19加以十70以降		更换伺服单元。
A.840:	编码器误动作	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服电机故障。 更换伺服电机。
编码器数据警报 * 在编码器侧检出	由于噪音等的干扰而导致编码器误动作	_	正确进行编码器外围的接线。 (分离编码器电缆与伺服电机主回路电缆、接地处理等)。
	接通控制电源时,伺服电机以 200min- 1 以上的速度旋转	通过电机旋转速度监视(Un000)来确认接通电源 时的电机速度	将伺服电机转速调节到不满 200min-1,然后接通控制 电源。
A.850: 编码器过速 * 在接通控制电源时检出	编码器故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服电机故障。 更换伺服电机。
* 在编码器侧检出	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。

警报编号: 警报名称 (警报内容)	原因	确认方法	处理措施	
	伺服电机环境温度过高	测量伺服电机的环境温度	将伺服电机的环境温度调节到 40°C 以下。	
A.860:	伺服电机以超过额定值的负载运行	通过累积负载率(Un009)来确认电机负载	将伺服电机的负载调节到额定值以内后再运行。	
编码器过热 * 仅在连接绝对值编码器 时检出	编码器故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服电机故障。 更换伺服电机。	
* 在编码器侧检出	伺服单元故障。	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元战障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.8A0: 外部编码器故障	电机运行,绝对值外部编码器的原点位置设定失败。	设定原点位置前,通过全闭环反馈脉冲计数器监视器(Un00E)确认电机未运行	设定原点位置时使电机不动作。	
	外部编码器故障	_	更换外部编码器。	
A.8A1: 外部编码器模块故障	外部编码器故障 串行转换单元故障	_	更换外部编码器。	
A.8A2: 外部編码器传感器故障 (增量型)	外部编码器故障	_	更换外部编码器。	
A.8A3: 外部编码器位置故障 (绝对值)	绝对值外部编码器故障	_	有可能是绝对值外部编码器故障。请根据生产厂家的使 用说明书采取相应措施。	
A.8A5: 外部编码器过速故障	检出来自外部编码器的过速故障	确认外部编码器的最高速度	在外部编码器的最高速度以下使用。	
A.8A6: 外部编码器过热故障	检出来外部编码器的过热故障	_	更换外部编码器。	
A.b31: 电流检出故障 1	U 相电流检出回路故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.b32: 电流检出故障 2	V 相电流检出回路故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故 障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.b33:	电流检出回路故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。	
电流检出故障 3	伺服电机主回路电缆断线	 确认伺服电机主回路电缆是否断线	更换伺服单元。 修理电机电缆。	
A.bF0: 系统警报 0	伺服单元故障	明 人们似名为《工程时名》《定日》(2) ——	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故 障。	
A.bF1: 系统警报 1	伺服单元故障	_	更换伺服单元。 再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故 障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.bF2: 系统警报 2	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.bF3: 系统警报 3	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.bF4: 系统警报 4	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。	
	电机接线的 U、V、W 相序错误	确认电机接线	确认电机接线是否有问题。	
A.C10: 防止失控检出	编码器故障	_	如果电机接线没有问题,再次接通电源后仍然反发生警报时,可能是伺服电机的故障。 更换伺服电机。	
* 在伺服 ON 时检出	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.C80: 编码器清除异常	编码器故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服电机故障。 更换伺服电机。	
(旋转圈数上限值设定 异常)	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元	
	编码器连用端口的接触不良,或插头接线 错误	确认编码器连接用端口的状态	再次插入编码器插头,确认编码器的接线。	
	编码器电缆断线、短路,或使用了超过规 定阻抗的电缆	确认编码器电缆的状态	使用规格要求的编码器电缆。	
A.C90: 编码器通信故障	温度、湿度、气体引起的腐蚀;水滴、切削油引起的短路;振动引起的插头接触不良	确认使用环境	改善使用环境,更换电缆。即使这样仍无改善时,则更 换伺服单元。	
	因噪音干扰而产生误动作。	_	正确进行编码器外围的接线(分离编码器电缆与伺服电机主回路电缆、接地处理等)。	
	伺服单元故障	_	将伺服电机连接到其他伺服单元上后接通控制电源时,如果不发生警报,则有可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。	
A.C91:	编码器电缆产生啮入、包层损坏,信号线 受到干扰	确认编码器电缆和接用端口的状态	确认编码器电缆的铺设是否有问题。	
編码器通信位置数据加速度异常	编码器电缆与大电流线捆在一起或者相距 过近	确认编码器电缆的设置状态	将编码器电缆铺设在不会遭受浪涌电压的位置。	
	FG 的电位因电机侧设备(焊机等)的影响而产生变动	确认编码器电缆的设置状态	将机器接地,阻止向编码器侧 FG 的分流。	

警报编号: 警报名称	原因		
(警报内容)	編码器的信号线受到干扰		实施编码器接线抗干扰对策。
	编码器承受过大的振动冲击	确认使用情况	降低机械的振动。或正确安装伺服电机。
A.C92:	编码器故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服电机故 障。
编码器通信定时器异常			更换伺服电机。
	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故 障。
			更换伺服单元。 再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服电机故
4.040	编码器故障	_	障。
A.CAO: 编码器参数异常			更換伺服电机。 再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故
	伺服单元故障	_	障。 更换伺服单元。
	编码器接线错误、接触 不良	确认编码器的接线	确认编码器接线是否有问题。
	编码器电缆规格不同,	_	将电缆规格改为双股绞合线或者双股绞合整体屏蔽线,
	受到噪音干扰 编码器电缆的接线距离 过长,受到噪音		芯线为 0.12mm2 以上,镀锡软铜绞合线。
	干扰	_	接线距离最长为 50m。
A.Cb0 编码器回送校验异		确认编码器电缆和接用端口的状态	将机器接地,阻止向编码器侧 FG 的分流。
常	编码器承受过大的振动 冲击	确认使用情况	降低机械的振动或正确安装伺服电机。
	编码器故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服电机故障。
	一 一		更换伺服电机。
	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故 障。
	DD 电机的旋转圈数上限 值 (Pn205)		更换伺服单元。
	与编码器 的旋转圈数上限值不同	确认 Pn205	正确设定 Pn205 的设定值(0 ~ 65535)。
A.CC0: 旋转圈数上限值不一致	编码器的旋转圈数上限 值与伺服单元的 旋转圈数上限值不同,或变更了旋转圈数 上限值	确认伺服单元 Pn205 的值	在发生警报时进行设定变更 Fn013。
	伺服单元故障		再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故 隨
	可服半兀欧陴		更换伺服单元。
	串行转换单元一伺服单元间的电缆接线错 误或接触不良	确认外部编码器的接线	正确进行串行转换单元一伺服单元间的电缆的接线。
A.CF1: 反馈选购模块通信故障	串行转换单元一伺服单元间未使用指定的 电缆	确认外部编码器的电缆规格	使用指定的正确电缆。
(接收失败)	串行转换单元一伺服单 元间的电缆过长	更换串行转换单元连接电缆的长度	使串行转换单元—伺服单元间的电缆长度在 20m 以内。
	串行转换单元—伺服单 元间的电缆包层破损	确认串行转换单元连接电缆	更换串行转换单元一伺服单元间的电缆。
	伺服电机的 U、V、W 的接线不正确 位置指令的频率较高	确认伺服电机主回路电缆的接线	确认电机电缆或编码器电缆有无接触不良等问题。 降低位置指令脉冲频率或指令加速度,或调整电子齿轮
A.d00: 位置偏差过大	位置指令加速度过大	试着降低指令脉冲频率后再运行	唯 [版位直指录脉冲频率或指录加速度,或调整电子图形 比。
(在伺服 OFF 的状态	相对于运行条件,位置 偏差过大警报值	试着降低指令加速度后再运行	加入位置指令加减速时间常数 (Pn216) 等的平滑功能。
下,位置偏差超过了 位置偏差过大警报值	(Pn520) 较低	确认位置偏差过大警报值(Pn520)是否适当	正确设定参数 Pn520 的值。
(Pn520))	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报 时,有可能是伺服单元 故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.d01: 伺服 ON 时	伺服 ON 中,位置偏差 在 Pn526 的设定	确认伺服 ON 时的位置偏差量	进行设定,使在伺服 ON 时清除位置偏差或设定伺
位置偏差过大警报	值以上的状态时,伺服 ON	(Un008)	服 ON 时正确的位置偏差过大警报值 (Pn526)。
A.d02:	在位置偏差积累状态下 使伺服 ON,则通过伺服		进行设定,使在伺服 OFF 时清除位置偏差
伺服 ON 时速度限制引	ON 时速度限制值 (Pn529) 来限制速度。	_	或设定正确的位置偏差过大警报值 (Pn520)
起的位置偏差过大警报	在该状态下输入位置指 令,超出了位置		或将伺服 ON 时速度限制值 (Pn529) 设定为正确的值。
A.d10:	偏差过 大警报值 (Pn520) 的 设定值。 电机旋转方向与外部编码器安装方向相反	确认电机旋转方向与外部编码器安装方向	将外部编码器安装方向反过来,或将"外部编码器的使
电机 - 负载位置间	工件台等的负载位置和外部编码器接合部		用方法 (Pn002.3) "的旋转方向设定为相反方向。
偏差过大	的安装故障 伺服单元与安全选购模	确认外部编码器接合部	再次进行机械性结合。
A.E71:	快连接不良	确认伺服单元与安全选购模块的连接	正确连接安全选购模块。
安全选购模块	拆下了安全选购模块	-	通过数字操作器或 SigmaWin+ 执行 Fn014 (清除选购模块检出结果),然后再次接通电源。
检出失败警报	安全选购模块的故障	-	更换安全选购模块。
	伺服单元故障 伺服单元与反馈选购模	高) 伺服单元与后继进物类性的连性	更换伺服单元。 工确连接反馈选购模块。
A.E72:	块连接不良	确认伺服单元与反馈选购模块的连接	此明连接反馈远购候块。 执行 Fn014 (清除选购模块检 出结果),然后再次接
反馈选购模块 检出失败警报	拆下了反馈选购模块	_	通电源。
	反馈选购模块的故障 伺服单元故障		更换反馈选购模块。 更换伺服单元。
		<u> </u>	1

		·	
警报编号:警报名称 (警报内容)	原因	确认方法	处理措施
A.E74:	安全选购模块的故障	_	更换安全选购模块。
安全选购模块未支持警 报	连接了不支持的安全选购模块	参照所连接的伺服单元与安全选购模块的产品目录	连接支持的安全选购模块。
A.E75:	反馈选购模块的故障	_	更换反馈选购模块。
反馈选购模块未支持警 报	连接了不支持的反馈选购模块	参照所连接的反馈选购模块的产品目录或伺服单元 手册	连接支持的反馈选购模块。
A.Eb1: 安全功能用信号输入时间异常	硬接线基极封锁功能的输入信号 / HWBB1、/HWBB2 启动的时间差在 10 秒钟以上	测量 2 个输入信号的时间差	可能是 /HWBB1、/HWBB2 的輸出信号回路、机器故障、伺服单元输入信号回路故障、输入信号用电缆断线。确认故障或断线。
A.F10:	三相电源接线不良	确认电源接线	确认电源接线是否有问题。
电源线缺相	三相电源不平衡	测量三相电源各相的电压	修正电源的不平衡(调换相位)。
(在主电源 ON 的状态 下, R、S、T 相中某 一相的低电压状态持续	没有进行单相输入的参数设定(Pn00B.2 = 1)就直接输入了单相电源	确认电源和参数设定	正确设定电源输入和参数。
一相的低电压状态持续 了 1 秒钟以上) 在接通 主回路电源时检出	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故障。更换伺服单元。
A.F26	转矩指令达到最大值	_	正确接好电机的 UVW 动力线
A.F28	位置指令异常	查看 6064 与 607A 的值	正确输入位置指令
FL-1*2: 系统警报	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元故
FL-2*2: 系统警报	伺服单元故障	_	障。更换伺服单元。

警告原因及处理措施

警告编号: 警告名称 (警告内容)	原因	确认方法	<u>处理措施</u>
A.900:	伺服电机的 U、V、W 的接线不正确	确认伺服电机主回路电缆的接线	确认电机电缆或编码器电缆有无接触不良等问题。
位置偏差过大	伺服单元的增益较低	确认伺服单元的增益是否过低	通过高级自动调谐等提高伺服增益。
	位置指令脉冲的频率较	试着降低指令脉冲频率后再运行	降低位置指令脉冲频率或指令加速度,或调整电子齿轮比。
	位置指令加速度过大。	试着降低指令加速度后再运行	加入位置指令加减速时间常数(Pn216/Pn217)的平滑功能。
	相对于运行条件,位置偏差过大警报值 (Pn520) 较低	确认位置偏差过大警报值 (Pn520) 是否适当	正确设定 Pn520 的值。
	伺服单元故障	_	再次接通电源。仍然发生警报时,有可能是伺服单元 故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.901:	伺服 ON 时积累的位置偏差	_	进行设定,使在伺服 OFF 时清除位置偏差或设定伺服
伺服 ON 时位置偏差过 大	超过 <u>Pn520×Pn51E</u> 设定的比例		ON 时适当的位置偏差过大警告值 (Pn528)。
A.910:	电机接线、编码器接线不良或连接不良	确认接线	确认电机接线、编码器接线是否有问题。
过载(变为过载警报 (A.710 A.720) 之前的 警告)	电机运行超过了过载保护特性	确认电机的过载特性和运行指令	重新探讨负载条件、运行条件。 或者重新研讨电机容量。
	由于机械性因素而导致电机不驱动,造 成运行时的负载过大	确认运行指令和电机速度	改善机械性因素。
	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。更换伺服单元。
A.911:	检出电机动作中的异常振动	确认电机的异常声音和运行时的速度、转矩波形	降低电机速度或通过单参数调谐等降低伺服增益。
振动	转动惯量比(Pn103)的值比实际值大或进行了大的变动	确认转动惯量比	正确地设定转动惯量比(Pn103)。
A.920:	电源电压超过规格范围。	测量电源电压。	将电源电压设定在规格范围内。
再生过载 (变为再生过载 (A.320)之前的警告)	外置再生电阻值、伺服单元的容量或再 生电阻容量不足,或处于连续再生状态	再次确认运行条件或容量(容量选择软件 HCServoWorks等)	变更再生电阻值、再生电阻容量或伺服单元容量。 再次进行运行条件的调整 (容量选择软件 HCServoWorks 等)。
	连续承受负负载,处于连续再生状态	确认向运行中的伺服电机施加的负载	再次探讨包括伺服、机械、运行条件在内的系统。
A.921: DB 过载(变为 DB 过载 (A.731)之前的警告)	电机在被外力驱动	确认运行状态	不要通过外力驱动电机。
	DB 停止时的旋转能量超过 DB 电阻的容量	通过 DB 电阻功耗 (Un00B)来确 DB 的使用频率	尝试以下措施 · 降低伺服电机的指令速度。 · 减小转动锁量。 · 减少 DB 停止的次数。
	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。

警告编号: 警告名称 (警告内容)	原因	确认方法	处理措施
A.930:	电池连接不良、未连接	确认电池的连接	正确连接电池。
绝对值编码器的电池故障 (绝对值编码器电池的	电池电压低于 规定值 (2.7V)	测量电池的电压	更换电池。
电压低于规定值) * 仅连接绝对值编码器时 检出	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.941: 变更了需要重新接通电 源的参数	变更了需要重新接通电源的参数	_	再次接通电源。
A.971: 欠电压	200V 用伺服单元、AC 电源电压在 140V 以下,400V 用伺服单元、AC 电源电压 在 280V 以下	测量电源电压	将电源电压调节到正常范围。
	运行中电源电压下降	测量电源电压	增大电源容量。
	发生瞬时停电	测量电源电压	如果变更了瞬时停电保持时间(Pn509),则设定为较小的值。
	伺服单元的保险丝熔断	_	更换伺服单元,连接电抗器后再使用伺服单元。
	伺服单元故障	_	可能是伺服单元故障。 更换伺服单元。
A.9A0: 超程 (检出超程状态)	伺服 ON 中检出了超程	使用输入信号监视 (Un005) 确认超程信号的状态	可以从伺服电机的动作、状态来判断的故障原因及处理措施"。 现者施"。 另外,如果无法用输入信号监视(Un005)确认超程信号,则可能是检出了瞬间超程。采取以下措施 · 不从上位装置向超程范围发送指令。 · 确认超程信号的信号接线。 · 来取抗干扰对策。
A.9B0	软限位设置错误	查看 607D 的值是否设置正确	在正确范围内设置 607D 的值
A.9B1	原点偏移设置错误	查看 607D、607C 的值是否设置正确	在正确范围内设置 607D、607C 的值
A.9B2	同步帧数据丢失	查看是否使用带屏蔽功能的双纹屏蔽通信线;查看驱动器是否良好接地;	1. 请使用带屏蔽功能的双纹屏蔽线缆; 2. 请货标准接线指导接线; 3. 设置预使用的同步周期后,将驱动器 EtherCAT 通信状态机切换空运行模式; 4. 若主站同步周期本身误差较大,请调整主站或增大 从站的同步丢失故障容限 Pn785
A.9B3	EtherCAT 通讯中断	查看是否使用带屏蔽功能的双纹屏蔽通信线;查看驱动器是否良好接地;	1. 请使用带屏蔽功能的双纹屏蔽线缆; 2. 请按标准接线指导接线; 3. 设置预使用的同步周期后,将驱动器 EtherCAT 通信状态机切换空运行模式; 4. 若主站同步周期本身误差较大,请调整主站或增大 从站的同步丢失故障容限 Pn785
A.9B4	EtherCAT 网络初始化失败	未烧录设备配置文件,伺服驱动器故障	烧录对应的 xml 文件,更换伺服驱动器
A.9B5	电流环状态报警	转矩指令小于百分 30,且电机不动	正确设置转矩指令以及最大转矩限制
A.9B7	使能条件不满足	在硬件基极未封锁状态下,有条件未满足,无法使能;母线电压欠压	确认母线电压供电是否正常;确认 CN3 端口
A.9B8	任意一路安全接口输入未接 +24V	查看安全功能使用信号 STO(CN3) 是否接入	确认安全的前提下,恢复安全接口
A.9B9	紧急停止警告	检查 Pn515.3 E-Stop 信号分配,其对应 DI 端子 逻辑是否被置为有效。	检查运行模式,确认安全的前提下,解除 DI 刹车有效信号

功能码定义

数字输入端子 (Di) 功能定义说明 ww		
功能名称	功能说明	功能使用
P-OT	正向超程	当机械运动超过可移动范围限位开关动作,进入超程保护功能 有效:正向超程,禁止正向驱动 无效:正常范围,允许正向驱动
N-OT	负向超程	当机械运动超过可移动范围限位开关动作,进入超程保护功能 有效: 负向超程,禁止负向驱动 无效: 负常范围,允许负向驱动
/HomeSwitch	回原信号	无效: 回原未完成 有效: 回原完成
EXT	探针信号	无效: 不使用探针进行位置锁存 有效: 使用探针进行位置锁存
ВК	抱闸信号	无效:制动器动作 有效:制动器不动作





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Hardware Instruction for Y7S-series Advanced Servo Drive (EtherCAT)

Preface

Thank you for purchasing Y7-series servo drive. This manual mainly describes the safety use, installation and wiring for Y7- series EtherCAT servo drive. For more details. please refer to < User Manual for Y7 Series EtherCAT Servo Drive >.



Confirm the following items when unpacking:

Item	Name		Quantity
1	Y7S-series advanced servo drive		1
		STO terminal	1
2	Accessories	Brake terminal*	1
		50pin terminal (CN1)	1
3	Hardware Instruction for Y7S-series Advanced Servo Drive (EtherCAT)		1
4	Qualified certificate		1

- Power supply input terminal *1 and power output terminal *1 for 3kw and below models.
- General N models do not have STO terminal and 50pin terminal (CN1 interface). · Fully functional Model F includes second encoder terminal (CN4 interface).
- . Check if there are some damages to the products during transportation.
- · Any questions, please contact the HCFA Technology.

Safety precautions

Safety symbols

Please pay attention to the flowing safety precautions anywhere and anytime during acceptance inspection, installation, wiring, operation and maintenance. In this manual, the safety precautions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".

⚠ DANGER	Indicates that incorrect handling may result in death or severe injury.
⚠ CAUTION	Indicates that incorrect handling may result in medium or slight personal injury or physical damage.

The following graphic symbols shall be used to describe the matters to be observed

0	Indicates "Strict Enforcement" (Indicates what must be done.)

<u> </u>				
Abou	t Installing and wiring			
0	Do not connect the motor to the commercial power.	To prevent fire or malfunction.		
	Do not place the combustibles around the servo motor and drive.	To prevent fire.		
	Be sure to protect the drives through the case, and leave specified clearances between the case or other equipment and the drive.	To prevent electric shock, fire or malfunction.		
0	Install it at the place free from excessive dust and dirt, water and oil mist.	To prevent electric shock, fire , malfunction or damage.		
	Install the equipment to incombustibles, such as metal.	To prevent fire.		
	Any person who is involved in wiring and inspection should be fully competent to do the work.	To prevent electric shock.		
	FG terminal of motor and drive must be grounded.	To prevent electric shock.		
	Perform the wiring correctly after cut off the breaker.	To prevent electric shock, injury, malfunction or damage.		
	Have the insulation processing when connecting cables.	To prevent electric shock, fire or malfunction.		

About operation and running				
	During operation, never touch the internal parts of the drive.	To prevent burns or electric shock.		
	The cables should not be damaged, stressed loaded, or pinched.	To prevent electric shock, malfunction or damage.		
	During operation, never touch the rotating parts of the servo motor.	To prevent injury.		
	Do not immerse the cable in oil or water when operation	To prevent fire.		
	Operate the switches and wiring with dry hand.	To prevent electric shock, injury or fire.		
	Do not touch the keyway directly when using the motor with shaft-end keyway	To prevent injury.		
	Do not touch the surface of motor, drive and radiator.	To prevent burns or parts damaged.		
	Do not drive the motor by external drive.	To prevent fire.		
Abou	t other safety instructions			
	Confirm the equipment's safety after the earthquake happens.	To prevent electric shock, injury or fire.		
0	Installing and setting correctly to prevent the fire and personal injury when earthquake happens.	To prevent injury, electric shock, fire, malfunction or damage.		
	Provide an external emergency stop circuit to ensure that operation can be stopped and power switched off immediately.	To prevent injury, electric shock, fire, malfunction or damage.		
About maintenance and inspection				
0	Before wiring or inspection, turn off the power and wait for 5 minutes or more. And it's not allowed to disassemble the servo drive.	To prevent electric shock.		

Ahou	t installing and wiring	
Abou	Please follow the specified combination of the motor and drive.	To prevent fire or malfunction.
	Do not touch the terminals of connector directly.	To prevent electric shock or malfunction.
	Do not block intake and prevent the foreign matters from entering into the drive.	To prevent electric shock or fire.
0	Fix the motor and have the test run away from the mechanical system. After confirming the operation, the motor can be securely mounted to mechanical system.	To prevent injury.
	The servo motor must be installed in the specified direction.	To prevent injury or malfunction.
	Install the equipment correctly in accordance with its weight and rated output.	To prevent injury or malfunction.
Abou	t operation and running	
	Do not stand on servo equipment. Do not put heavy objects on equipment.	To prevent electric shock, injury, fault or damage.
	The parameter settings must not be changed excessively otherwise, the operation of the servo will be unstable.	To prevent injury.
0	Keep it away from the direct sunlight.	To prevent malfunction.
	Do not subject the motor and motor shaft to strong impacts.	To prevent malfunction.
	The electromagnetic brake on the servo motor is designed to hold the servo motor shaft and should not be used for ordinary braking.	To prevent injury or malfunction.
	When power is restored after an instantaneous power failure, keep away from the machine because the machine may be restarted suddenly (design the machine so that it is secured against hazard if restarted).	To prevent injury.
	Do not install or operate a faulty servo motor or drive.	To prevent injury, electric shock or fire.
U	Check the power specification.	To prevent fault.
	The electromagnetic brake may not hold the servo motor shaft. To ensure safety, install a stopper on the machine side.	To prevent injury.
	A sudden restart is made if an alarm is reset with the run signal on.	To prevent injury.
	Connect the relay for emergency stop and for brake in series.	To prevent injury or malfunction.
Abou	t transportation and storage	
	Do not subject the equipment to the place with rain, waterdrop, poisonous gases or liquids.	To prevent malfunction.
	Do not carry the servo motor by the cables, shaft or encoder during transportation.	To prevent injury or malfunction.

	Do not drop or dump the motor during transportation and installation.	To prevent injury or malfunction.							
0	When long-term storage is required, please consult HCFA Technology.	To prevent malfunction.							
Store the unit in a place in accordance with the instruction manual. To prevent malfunction.									
About other safety instructions									
Please dispose the battery according to your local laws and regulations.									
When disposing of the product, handle it as industrial waste.									
Abou	t maintenance and inspection								
Do not disassemble and/or repair the equipment on customer side. To prevent malfunction.									
Ω	Do not turn on or switch off the main power frequently.	To prevent malfunction.							
•	When the drive become faulty, switch off the control circuit and main power.	To prevent fire.							
If the servo motor is to be stored for a long time, switch off the power. To prevent misoperation and injury.									
About maintenance and inspection									
< Warranty period> The term of warranty for the product is 18 months from the date of manufacture. It's exceptional to brake motors as they are warranted when									

acceleration / deceleration times is not beyond the specified service life.

< Warranty coverage >
This warranty applies only when the condition, method, environment, etc. of
use are in compliance with the terms and conditions and instructions that are
stated in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product.

stated in the instruction manual and user manual for the Product. However, even during warranty period, the repair cost will be charged on customer in the following cases. 1) A failure caused by improper storing or handling, repair and modification. 2) A failure caused by the parts which have dropped down or damaged after

acceptance.
3) A failure caused when the products have been used beyond the product

A failure caused when the productions of the specification.

A) A failure caused by external factors such as inevitable accidents, including but not limited to fire, earthquake, lightning stroke, windstorm disaster, flood, salt damage, abnormal fluctuation of voltage and other natural disaster.

B) A failure caused by the intrusion of water, oil, metal and other foreign

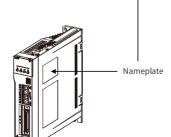
5) A failure caused by the intrusion of water, our, metal and outer long matters. The warranty coverage is only for the product itself. We assume no responsibilities for any losses of opportunity and/or profit incurred by costumer due to a failure of the product.

2Product introduction and model selection

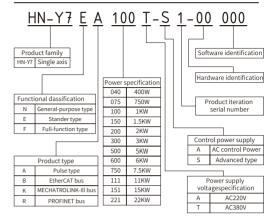
Introduction for servo drive nameplate

Description of side labels of Y7Smart series servo drives.





Model name identification



3 Product specification

Environmental specifications

Items	Specifications
Environmental requirements	Open environment or indoor use
Environmental temperature	$0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Environmental Temperature above 45°C , Derate 10% for every 5 degree increase)/ $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \sim + 70^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	-20°C ~ 65°C (Maximum temperature guarantee: 80°C 72h No condensation)
Ambient humidity	20% ~ 85%RH or less (No condensation)
Storage humidity	20% ~ 85%RH or less (No condensation)
Vibration resistance	5.88m/s²(0.6G) or less, 10-60Hz (Do not connect at the resonance point)
Impact strength	Acceleration 100m/s² or less(XYZ)
Protection level	IP20
Cleanliness	Free from corrosive gas, flammable gas
Clearilliess	Free from water, oil, chemical splash
Altitude	1000m or less (It can be used after derating at 1000 to 2000m)
Pollution level	2
Overvoltage classification	III
Short-circuit current	5Ka
Others	No electrostatic interference, strong electric field, strong magnetic field, radiation, etc.

Basic specifications for models of 220VAC

Items			Specifica	tions					
Models H	IN-Y7 □	□ ***A-S** ****	040	040 075 100 150					
Maximum capacity		ble motor	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.0			
Continuo (Arms)	us outpu	t current	2.8	5.5	7.6	11.6	15.6		
Instantan current (x. output	9.3	16.9	17	28	39		
Main circuit	Power v	oltage (Arms)		Sing-phase AC200 ~ 240V 50/60Hz 3-phase 200 50/60					
	Current	(Arms)	2.5	4.1	5.7 7.3 10				
Control p	ower		Shar	e the ma	in circuit _l	oower su	oply		
D	Built-in	Resistance (Ω)	_	50	50	50	20		
Regene- rative	resistor	Capacity (W)	_	80	80	100	100		
resistor	External resistan	mini. allowable (Ω)	40 40 35 20						
Overvolta	age level		III						

2-1 2-2

Basic specifications for models of 380V AC

Items	Specifications											
Models HI	N-Y7 🗆 🗆 †	100	150	200	300	500	600	750	111	151	221	
Maximum	applicable	1	1.5	2.0	3.0	5.0	6.0	7.5	11	15	22	
Continuo	is output c	4.7	5.4	8.4	11.9	16.5	20.8	25.7	28.1	37.2	52	
Instantane	eous max. o	16.9	17	24	31	44	52	65	70	88	105	
Main	Power vol						440V					
circuit	Current (Arms)	2.9	4.3	5.8	8.6	14.5	17.4	21.7	23.4	29.6	43.4
Control po		cuit	he m powe		3-1	phas) ~ 4 50Hz	40V/	AC,		
D	Built-in	Resistance (Ω)	50	50	50	40	25	20	20	_	_	_
Regene- rative	resistor	Capacity (W)	80	80	80	100	100	100	100	-	_	_
resistor	External n resistance	nini. allowable (Ω)	40	40	40	35	25	20	20	15	10	10
Overvolta	Overvoltage level						- 1	II				

Note 1) When using an external regenerative resistor at a normal rated load factor, be sure to lower the rating before using the resistor when the temperature of the resistor reaches 200° C to 300° C. For the load characteristics of the resistor, please consult HCFA Technology.

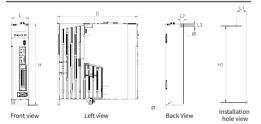
Note 2) For safety, it is recommended to use an external regenerative resistor with a temperature switch.

4 Installation and size of servo drive

Y7Smart seires drive configuration table

Servo	SIZE A			SIZE B		SIZE D			
drive	HN-Y7 □ □ 0	140A C		HN-Y7 □□ 075A-S		HN-Y7 □ □ 150A-S			
(AC220V)	HN-T7 UU C	14UA-5		HN-Y7 □□ 100A-S		HN-Y7	' □ □ 200A-S		
Servo	SIZE C	SIZE D)	SIZE E	:	SIZE F	SIZE G		
	HN-Y7 □□ 100T-S	UNIVERSITY OF STREET			LINI V7	' □ □ 600T-S	HN-Y7 □ □ 111T-S		
	HN-Y7 🗆 🗆 150T-S					' □ □ 750T-S	HN-Y7 □ □ 151T-S		
(AC380V)	MN-17 🗆 🗆 1501-5	HIN-17 🗆 🗆 S	5001-5		HIN-T/	□□ /501-5	HN-Y7 □□ 221T-S		

Y7Smart series drive mounting dimension

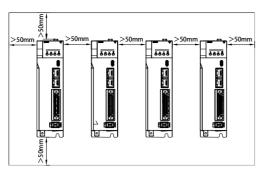


Structure	SIZE A	SIZE B	SIZE C	SIZE D (AC220V)	SIZE D (AC380V)	SIZE E	SIZE F	SIZE G						
L(mm)	37.0	47.0	55.0	70.0		70.0		70.0		70.0		90.0	90.0	194.0
H(mm)	172.0	172.0	172.0	172.0		172.0		172.0		182.8	243.3	260.0		
D(mm)	170.0	170.0	180.0	180.0		192.5	205.2	205.0						
L1(mm)	21.3	31.3	39.7	54.7		76.0	76.0							
L2(mm)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5		7.0	7.0	Please						
L3(mm)	5.0	4.5	5.0	5	5.0		6.0	refer to						
H1(mm)	162.8	162.8	163.0	16	163.0		163.0		227.5	'Installation Instructions				
Aperture(φ)	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5		6.0	6.0	for High-						
Screw hole	2-M5	2-M5	2-M5	2-M5		3-M5	4-M5	Power Driver'						
Locking torque (Nm)	3.5N·M	3.5N·M	3.5N·M	3.5N·M		3.5N·M	3.5N·M	Dille.						
Weight (kg)	0.76	1.01	1.21	1.45	1.5	2.2	3.6	8.77						

Cabinet installation instructions

Attentic

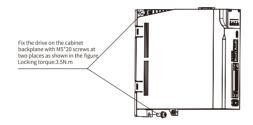
- During installing servo drive, please do not seal the suction vent, and do not dumping place the servo, otherwise it will cause malfunction.
- In order to make the cooling fan can have low windage, to effectively discharge quantity of heat, please follow the installation distance recommended value when install one or more servos.
- Please avoid arrange servos up and down, because of the heat from the bottom operational drive, easy to cause under drive unnecessary temperature increase.



Note1) The installation interval of the servo driver in the figure is 50mm according to the condition of no external ventilation at the highest 55°C . Depending on the customer's heat dissipation strip, such as cabinet temperature, ventilation conditions, etc., if the ambient temperature of the servo driver can be guaranteed to be lower than 55°C , the interval distance can be less than 50 mm.

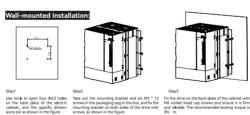
Structure installation instructions

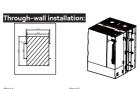
Attention



High power drive installation instructions

This description applies to HN-Y7 \square 1117-S, HN-Y7 \square 151T-S, and HN-Y7 \square 221T-S models. Users can choose wall-mounted installation or throughwall installation based on device requirements.









Fix the drive on the back plate of the cabinet with M6 socket head cap screws and ensure it is firm and reliable. The recommended locking torque is 3N · m.

5^{Wiring}

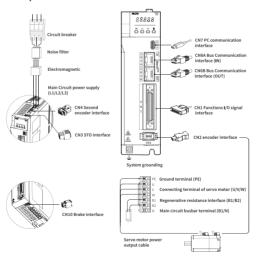
Recommended cables

Terminals	Name	Models HN-Y7 □□□□ A-S									
ierminais	Name	040	150	200							
LC1、LC2	Control power input terminal		-								
L1、L2、L3	Main circuit power input terminal	0.82mm	(AWG18)	1.318mm	² (AWG16)	2.075mm²(AWG14)					
U、V、W	Terminal for servo motor	0.82mm²(AWG18)	1.318mm	²(AWG16)	2.627mm²(AWG13)	4.17mm²(AWG11)					
B1、B2	Terminal for external regenerative resistor		Determined accordin you can consult th	g to the actual power one resistor manufacture	of the external resistor, r or our technicians						
	Ground terminal			> 2.075mm²(<awg14< td=""><td colspan="7">> 2.075mm²(<awg14)< td=""></awg14)<></td></awg14<>	> 2.075mm²(<awg14)< td=""></awg14)<>						

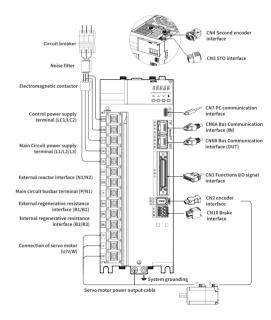
Terminals	Name	Models HN-Y7 □□□□□ T-S										
ierminais	Name	100	150	200	300	500	600	750	111	151	221	
LC1、LC2	Control power input terminal		-	_		0.82mm²(AWG18)						
L1、L2、L3	Main circuit power input terminal		0.82mm ² 1.646mm ² (AWG18) (AWG15)			3.332mm² (AWG12)	4.17mm² (AWG11)	5.26mm² (AWG10)	6.63mm² (AWG9)	8.37mm² (AWG8)	10.55mm² (AWG7)	
U、V、W	Terminal for servo motor									13.3mm² (AWG6)		
B1、B2	Terminal for external regenerative resistor	Determined	according to	the actual p	ower of the e	external resist	or, you can o	onsult the re	sistor manufa	cturer or our	technicians	
Gro	ound terminal		> 2.075mm²(<awg14)< td=""></awg14)<>									

Note 1) If used in a closed pipe, wire groove, etc., or the ambient temperature higher than 55 °C, please increase the size of the wires.

Connector type terminal driver port definition and wiring description



Fence type terminal driver port definition and wiring description



CN1 Terminal arrangement

2 SG GND 3 PL1 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 29 OUT1+ Assignable Output signal 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 31 ALM+ Alarm Signal Output 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 31 ALM+ Alarm Signal Output 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 31 ALM+ Alarm Signal Output 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 31 ALM+ Alarm Signal Output 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 31 ALM+ Alarm Signal Output 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 31 ALM+ Alarm Signal Output 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal signal output signal si				$\overline{}$			1						
3 PL1 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 5 V-REF Analog speed input instruction 7 N/A N/A 8 N/A N/A 9 T-REF Analog torque input instruction 11 N/A N/A 12 N/A N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A N/A 16 N/A 17 N/A 18 PL3 Open collector Clear input 18 N/A 19 N/A 19 T-REF Analog torque input instruction 19 N/A 10 N/A 11 N/A 12 N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A 16 N/A 17 N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 19 OUT1+ Assignable Output signal 30 OUT1- Assignable Output signal 30 OUT1				1	SG	GND	\vdash			26	OUT3-	Assignable Output signal	
4 SEN SEN signal input 5 V-REF Analog speed input instruction 7 N/A N/A 8 N/A N/A 9 T-REF Analog torque input instruction 11 N/A N/A 12 N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A N/A 17 N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 19 N/A 19 PCO+ The number of encoder frequency division pulse output 1 10 N/A 11 N/A 12 N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A 17 N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 19 N/A 10 N/A 11 N/A 11 N/A 12 N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A 17 N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 19 N/A 10 N/A 11 N/A 11 N/A 12 N/A 13 N/A 14 SI1 Probe 1 15 N/A 16 N/A 17 N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 19 PCO+ The number of encoder frequency division pulse output 2 20 N/A 20 N/A 21 N/A 22 OUT5+ High speed output 23 NACO 24 Analog output 1 25 OPEN The number of encoder frequency division pulse output 3 26 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 27 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 28 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 29 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 20 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 20 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 20 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 21 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 22 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 23 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 24 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 25 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 26 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 27 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 28 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 29 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 20 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 21 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 22 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 23 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 24 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 25 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 26 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 27 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 28 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 29 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 4 20 NLM- Alarm Signal Output 3 20 NLM-	2	SG	GND	,	DI 1	Open collector instruction with	27	OUT4+	High speed output	28	OUT4-	High speed output	
5 V-REF Analog speed input instruction 7 N/A N/A 8 N/A N/A 9 T-REF Analog torque input instruction 10 SG GND 11 N/A N/A 12 N/A 13 PL2 Open collector Clear input 15 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 16 N/A N/A 17 N/A		CENI	CEN signal input	3	PLI	internal power supply 12V		OUT1+	Assignable Output signal		0014	riigiropaca aacpac	
8 N/A N/A N/A 9 T-REF Analog torque input instruction 10 SG GND 11 N/A N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 16 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 18 PCO+ The number of encoder frequency 20 /PCO The number of encoder frequency 32 ALM- Alarm Signal Output Aphase 34 /PAO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - A phase 34 /PAO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 35 /PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 36 /PBO The number of encoder frequency 38 OUT5- High speed output 39 DACO Analog output 1 40 SIO Homing signal input 40 SIO Homing signal input 41 SI1 Probe 1 42 SI2 Forward Drive Prohibit internal power supply 12V division pulse output - C phase 45 N/A	4	SEIN	SEN Signal Input	5	V-REF	Analog speed input instruction		00111	7 isoignasio o acpac oignai	30	OUT1-	Assignable Output signal	
8 N/A N/A N/A 9 T-REF Analog torque input instruction 37 PAO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - A phase 34 / PAO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 34 PAO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 35 PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 36 PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 36 PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 36 PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 36 PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 37 OUT5+ High speed output 38 OUT5- High speed output 38 OUT5- High speed output 40 SIO Homing signal input 40 SIO Homing signal input 41 SI1 Probe 1 42 SI2 Forward Drive Prohibit 44 SI4 Probe 2 The number of Encoder frequency pulse 45 N/A N/	6	SG	GND	H			31	ALM+	Alarm Signal Output				
9 T-REF Analog torque input instruction 10 SG GND 11 N/A N/A 12 N/A N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 16 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 20 /PCO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - A phase division pulse output				7	N/A	N/A			The number of encoder frequency	32	ALM-	Alarm Signal Output	
The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 7 PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 8 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 19 PCO+ The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 9 DACO Analog output 1 40 SIO Homing signal input 42 SI2 Forward Drive Prohibit 19 PCO+ The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 36 //PBO The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 9 DACO Analog output 1 40 SIO Homing signal input 42 SI2 Forward Drive Prohibit 9 PCO+ The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 18 N/A N/A 19 PCO+ The number of encoder frequency division pulse output - B phase 19 DACO Analog output 1 40 SIO Homing signal input 42 SI2 Forward Drive Prohibit 44 SI4 Probe 2 45 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 46 N/A N/A	8	N/A	N/A	_	T DEE	Analog targua input instruction	33	PAO	division pulse output - A phase	34	/PAO	The number of encoder frequency	
12 N/A N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 16 N/A N/A 17 N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 20 /PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 11 N/A N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 20 /PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A N/A 23 OUT5+ High speed output 38 OUT5- High speed output 40 SI0 Homing signal input 42 SI2 Forward Drive Prohibit 42 SI3 Forward Drive Prohibit 44 SI4 Probe 2 45 N/A N/A DI DI Wission pulse output - B phase 46 N/A N/B OUT5- High speed output 40 SI0 Homing signal input 44 SI4 Probe 2			0110		I-KEF	Analog torque input instruction	25	DDO	The number of encoder frequency	Ŭ.	71710	division pulse output - A phase	
12 N/A N/A 13 PL2 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 15 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 17 N/A N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 19 PCO+ The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A	10	SG	GND	11	N/A	N/A	33	FBO	division pulse output - B phase	36	/PBO	The number of encoder frequency	
14 CLR collector Clear input 15 N/A	12	N/A	NI/A			1	37	OUT5+	High speed output			division pulse output - B phase	
14 CLR Clear input 15 N/A N/A 16 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A N/A 18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 20 /PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A	12	14//		13	PL2				3 4	38	OUT5-	High speed output	
16 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 17 N/A N/A 41 SI1 Probe 1 42 SI2 Forward Drive Prohibit internal power supply 12V 20 /PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A	14	CLR		_		Internal power supply 12V	39	DAC0	Analog output 1	_			
18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 20 I/PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A			Clear input	15	N/A	N/A			<u> </u>	40	SI0	Homing signal input	
18 PL3 Open collector instruction with internal power supply 12V 20 /PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 19 PCO+ The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A	16	N/A	N/A	H			41	SI1	Probe 1	l			
18 PL3 internal power supply 12V 20 /PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A			Onen collector instruction with	17	N/A	N/A		010		42	SI2	Forward Drive Prohibit	
20 /PCO The number of Encoder frequency pulse 21 N/A	18	PL3		10	DCO.	The number of encoder frequency	43	SI3	Reverse Drive Prohibit	44	SI4	Prohe 2	
21 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A		/DCC	The number of Encoder	19	PCU+	division pulse output - C phase	4.5	NI/A	N/A		014	11050 2	
	20	/PCO	frequency pulse	21	N/A	N/A	43		IWA	46	N/A	N/A	
22 N/A	22	N/A	N/A				47		External 24V power input	_			
23 N/A N/A (COM) 48 DAC1 Analog output 2	_	1		23	N/A	N/A	\vdash	(COM)			DAC1	Analog output 2	
24 N/A N/A N/A 49 OCZ Z signal Open collector instruction output FO TILL Francisco and the collector instruction output F	24	N/A	N/A				49	OCZ		<u> </u>			
25 OUT3+ Assignable Output signal Collector instruction output 50 TH External temperature dete	ш			25	OUT3+	Assignable Output signal	\vdash		concetor instruction output	50	TH	External temperature detection	

Note 1) Only full-function type F supports high-speed output, analog input and pulse frequency division output. Note 2) General N type without CN1.

Encoder signal (CN2)

Interface layout	Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Shell
3 4	Encoder power supply +5V	Encoder power supply 0V	ı	-	Serial data (+)	Serial data(-)	_

STO signal (CN3)

Driver	STO interf	ace	STO safety connector				Interface layout					
							EDN HWBB: HWBB	2+	8 6 4 2	7 5 3	EDM- HWBB2- HWBB1- NC+	
Pin1 Pin2 Pin3		Pin4		Pin5	Pin		Pin7			Pin8		
NC+	NC+ NC- HWBB1		1-	HWBB1+	HWBB2-	НΝ	/BB2+	/BB2+ EDM		-	EDM+	
_	- Input		1-	Input 1+	Input 2-	Inp	ut 2+	Οι	utpu	t-	Output +	

Secondary encoder signal (CN4)



Pin	Incremental ABZ encoder with differential Hall sensor	Sin and cos encoder with differential Hall sensor and Z signal	BISS encoder	TAMAGAWA encoder
1	+5V output current output ≤ 300mA	+5V output current output ≤ 300mA	+5V output current output ≤ 300mA	+5V output current output ≤ 300mA
2	0V output	0V output	0V output	0V output
3	Hall U+	Hall U+	_	_
4	Hall U-	Hall U-	_	_
5	Hall V+	Hall V+	_	_
6	Increment encoder A-	Sin encoder Sin -	BISS-C CLK-	Serial DATA-
7	Increment encoder B-	Sin encoder Cos -	BISS-C DATA-	_
8	Increment encoder Z-	Increment encoder Z-	_	_
9	Hall W+	Hall W+	_	_
10	Hall V-	Hall V-	_	_
11	Increment encoder A+	Sin encoder Sin +	BISS-C CLK+	Serial DATA+
12	Increment encoder B+	Sin encoder Cos +	BISS-C DATA+	_
13	Increment encoder Z+	Increment encoder Z+	_	_
14	Hall W-	Hall W-	_	_
15	Temperature sensor signal	Temperature sensor signal	Temperature sensor signal	Temperature sensor signal
Shell	Shield	Shield	Shield	Shield

Communication interface (CN6)

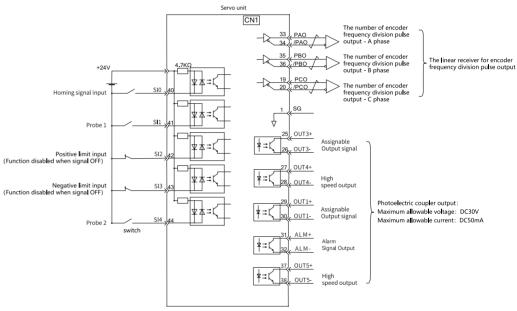
Interface layout	Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6	Pin7	Pin8
8 7 6 6 5 4 4 3 3 2	TD+	TD-	RD+	_	_	RD-	_	_

Brake interface (CN10)

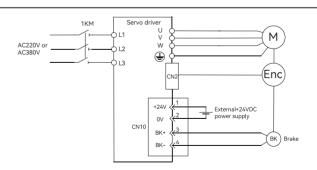
Driver brak	Driver brake interface STO connector			Interfa	ace layout
		Servo moto brake cable	DC 24V power supply	T- BK- OV	6 5 T+ 4 3 BK+ 2 1 24V
Pin1	Pin2	Pin3	Pin4	Pin5	Pin6
24V	0V	BK+	BK-	T+	T-
24V power supply		Servo br	Servo brake wire Temperature T		e Temperature control-

Note 1): The brake DC24V power supply is not to be shared with the CN1 control circuit power supply. The NTC specification is KTY84.

Connection example of input and output signals (bus type)



Brake wiring



1QF: Wiring circuit breaker

FIL: Noise filter

1SUP: Surge suppressor

6Y7SmartSeries servo alarm table

Reason of error alarm and handling method

Error No.: Error Name (Con tent)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
	The power supply voltage drops instantaneously The power is turned off during parameter writing	Measuring power supply voltage; Confirm the time of the power outage	Set the power supply voltage within the specification range and initialize the parameter Settings (Fn005). After the initial parameter setting (Fn005), write the parameters again.
A.020: Parameter and check are	The number of write parameter exceeded the maximum value	Verify that frequent parameter changes have been made from the upper device	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit. Change the parameter writing method.
abnormal (Abnormal data of internal parameters of servo unit)	Malfunction is caused by noise from AC power supply, grounding, and static electricity	When the alarm still occurs after multiple power connections, noise may be the reason	Take measures to prevent noise interference.
,	The components inside the servo unit fault due to gas, water droplets or cutting oil	Confirm the installation environment	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Servo unit fault	When the alarm still occurs after multiple power connections, a servo fault may have occurred	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.021: Parameter formatting error (Data form of internal	The software version of the written parameter is newer than the software version of the servo unit where the alarm occurred	Use Fn012 to check whether the software version is the same. If the version is different, an alarm may occur	Write the parameters of other servo units with the same software version and model, and then switch on the power.
parameters of servo unit is abnormal)	Servo unit fault	-	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.022:	The power supply voltage drops instantaneously	Measuring supply voltage	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
The system and verification are abnormal	The power was turned off when setting the auxiliary function	Confirm the time of the power off	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
(Data of Internal parameter of servo unit is abnormal)	Servo unit fault	When the alarm still occurs after multiple power connections,	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.030: The main circuit is detected faulty	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	The servo unit capacity does not match the servo motor capacity	Confirm the capacity and combination of servo unit and servo motor	Make the servo unit and servo motor capacity match each other.
A.040: Parameter setting	Servo unit fault	-	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
abnormal (Beyond the set range)	Outside the parameter setting range	Confirm the range of parameters	Changed parameter the value within the set range.
(beyond the secrange)	The set value of the electronic gear ratio is outside the set range	Verify that the electronic gear ratio is0.001< (Pn78C/Pn78E) < 4000	Set the electronic gear ratio to 0.001 < (Pn78C/Pn78E) < 4000.
A.041: Frequency division pulse output setting is abnormal	The number of frequency division pulse of encoder (Pn212) does not satisfy the set range and set conditions	Confirm Pn212	Set Pn212 to the appropriate value.
	The speed of the program JOG running (Fn004) is not within the set range due to changing the electronic gear ratio (Pn78C/Pn78E) or servo motor	Check whether the formula *1 is valid	Reduce the value of electronic gear ratio (Pn78C/Pn78E)
A.042*1: Parameter combination abnormal	The program JOG running speed (Fn004) does not satisfy the set range due to the change of program JOG moving speed (Pn533)	Check whether the formula *1 is valid	Increase the value of the program JOG speed (Pn533).
	The movement speed of advanced automatic tuning is not satisfying the set range due to change of electronic gear ratio (Pn78C/Pn78E) or servo motor	Check whether the formula *1 is valid	Reduce the value of electronic gear ratio (Pn78C/Pn78E)
A.044: Semi-closed loop/full closed loop parameter setting error	The fully closed loop module is inconsistent with the setting of Pn002.3	Confirm the Settings for Pn002.3	Make the full closed-loop module conform to the setting of Pn002.3.
A.050:	The capacity of the servo unit does not match the capacity of the servo motor	Confirm $\frac{1}{4} \leqslant \frac{\text{the capacity of the motor}}{\text{the capacity of the servo}} \leqslant 4$	Make the servo unit and servo motor capacity match each other.
Combination error (Outside capacity range of	Encoder fault	Replace with other servomotors to ensure the alarm does not occur again	Replace the servo motor (Encoder) .
combinable motors)	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.051: The product does not support alarm	The unsupported serial conversion unit, encoder, and external encoder are connected to the servo unit	Confirm the product	Change to a matching combination.
A.0b0: Servo ON instruction invalid alarm	After performing the motor power- on auxiliary function, the servo ON (/S-ON) signal is input from the outside	_	Power on the servo unit again or perform software reset.

Error No.: Error Name (Con tent)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
(,	The main circuit cable is connected incorrectly or in poor contact	Check whether the cable connection is correct	Modify cable connections.
	A short circuit or ground fault occurs inside the main circuit cable	Check whether short circuit occurs between UVW phases and the grounding of the cable.	The cable may be short-circuited. Replace the cable.
	Short circuit or ground short circuit occurs inside the servo motor	Check whether there is short circuit between the UVW phase and the grounding of the motor terminal.	It could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
	Short-circuit or grounding occurs inside the servo unit	Confirm whether short circuit occurs between UVW phase and UVW and ground of the servo motor connection terminal of the servo unit.	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Regenerator resistor wiring error or poor contact	Check whether the cable connection is correct	Modify cable connections.
A.100: Overcurrent detection (Overcurrent flows through the power transistor or heat sink overheating)	Dynamic brake (emergency stop due to DB, servo unit) is used frequently, or DB overload alarm occurs	Check the DB resistance power consumption (Un00B) to determine the DB frequency. Or use the display of alarm record (Fn000) to confirm whether DB overload alarms A.730, A.731 have occurred.	Change the selection, operation method and mechanism of servo unit to reduce DB usage frequency.
	The regenerative resistance value is too high and exceeds Regenerative processing capacity	Use the regenerative load rate (Un00A) to confirm the frequency of the regenerative resistance	Considering the operating conditions and load, then confirm regenerative resistance value again.
	The regenerative resistance value of servo unit is too small	Use the regenerative load rate (Un00A) to confirm the frequency of the regenerative resistance	Change the regenerative resistance value to a value above the minimum allowable resistance value of the servo unit.
	High load is borne when the servo motor stops or runs at low speed	Verify that the operating conditions are outside the specifications of the servo drive.	Reduce the load on the servo motor or operate at a higher speed.
	Abnormal movements caused by noise	Improve wiring, installation, and other noise environment, confirm whether the effect	Take measures to prevent noise, such as correct FG wiring. In addition, the size of FG wire should be the same as the size of "servo unit main circuit wire".
	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Set the regenerative resistance capacity (Pn600) to a value other than "0" without an external regenerative resistor	Confirm the connection of the external regenerator resistor and the value of Pn600.	Connect an external regenerative resistor, or set Pn600 to 0 when a regenerative resistor is not required.
A.300: Regenerative error	There is no external regenerative resistor, and the jumper of the power terminal B2-B3 of the servo unit is loose	Verify that the power terminal jumper is connected	Connect the jumper cables correctly.
	The external regenerative resistor is poorly connected or disconnected	Confirm the wiring of the external regenerator resistor	Connect the external regenerative resistor correctly.
	Servo unit fault	_	In the state of not connected to the main circuit power supply, connected to the control power supply, still occur alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	The power supply voltage exceeds the specification range	Measuring supply voltage	Set the supply voltage within the specification range.
	External regenerative resistance value or regenerative resistance capacity is insufficient, or in the state of continuous regeneration	Reconfirm the running condition or capacity	Change the regenerative resistance value and regenerative resistance capacity, and adjust the operating conditions again.
A.320:	Continuous load bearing, in a state of continuous regeneration	Confirm the load applied to the running servo motor	Discuss the system including servo, machinery and operating conditions.
Regenerative overload	The capacity set in parameter Pn600 is smaller than that of the external regenerative resistor	Confirm the regenerator resistor connection and Pn600 value	Correct the set value of parameter Pn600.
	The external regenerative resistance value is too large	Verify that the regenerative resistance value is correct	Change it to the correct resistance value and capacity.
	Servo unit fault	-	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	The power supply voltage inside the servo unit is too high, and the regenerative resistor is disconnected	Measuring the resistance value of regenerating resistor	Replace the servo unit when using the regenerative resistor built in the servo unit. When using an external regenerative resistor, replace the regenerative resistor.
	When setting the AC power input, the DC power is input	Check whether the power supply is DC	Make the set value of the power supply consistent with the power supply used.
A.330: The main circuit power	When setting the DC power input, the AC power is input	Check whether the power supply is AC	Make the set value of the power supply consistent with the power supply used.
supply is incorrectly connected * Check out when switch on the main circuit power supply	Set the regenerative resistance capacity (Pn600) to a value other than "0" without an external regenerative resistor	Confirm the connection of the external regenerator resistor and the value of Pn600	Connect an external regenerator resistor or set Pn600 to 0 when an external regenerator resistor is not required.
	There is no external regenerative resistor, and the jumper of the power terminal B2-B3 of the servo unit is loose	Verify that the power terminal jumper is connected	Connect the jumper cables correctly.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.

Error No.: Error Name (Con tent)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
	- AC200V servo unit and AC power supply voltage above 290V, or AC400V servo unit detects power supply voltage above AC580V - The servo unit and DC power supply voltage of AC200V are above 410V, and the DC power supply voltage of over 830V is detected by the servo unit of AC400V	Measure voltage of power supply	Adjust the AC/DC power supply voltage to range of the product specifications.
A.400: overvoltage	The power supply is unstable or affected by lightning strikes	Measure voltage of power supply	Improve the power supply condition, set the surge suppressor, etc., and then switch on the power again, still occur alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
(Overvoltage is detected through the power supply section of the main circuit of the servo unit)	When the AC power supply voltage is higher than the specification range, the acceleration and deceleration motion is carried out	Confirm the power supply voltage and the speed and torque in operation	Adjust the AC power supply voltage to range of the product specifications.
	The external regenerative resistance value is larger than the operating condition	Confirm operating conditions and regenerative resistance values	Considering the operating conditions and load, the regenerative resistance value should be discussed again.
	Operating in a state with an inertia ratio which above the allowable value	Verify that the moment of inertia ratio is within the allowable value	Extend the deceleration time, or reduce the load.
	Servo unit fault	_	In the state of not connected to the main circuit power supply, connected to the control power supply, still occur alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.410:	AC200V servo unit, AC power supply voltage below 120V AC400V servo unit, AC power supply voltage is below 220V	Measure voltage of power supply	Adjust the supply voltage to the normal range.
undervoltage (Check the undervoltage	The power supply voltage drops during operation	Measure voltage of power supply	Increase the power capacity.
through the power supply section of the main circuit	Instantaneous power cut	Measure voltage of power supply	If the instantaneous outage hold time (Pn509) is changed, set it to a smaller value.
of the servo unit)	The fuse of the servo unit has blown	_	Replace the servo unit and connect the reactor before using the servo unit.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.450: Main circuit capacitor overvoltage	Servo unit fault	_	Replace the servo unit.
	The U, V, W phase sequence of the motor connection is wrong	Confirm the connection of servo motor	Confirm whether there is any problem with motor wiring.
A.510:	The instruction input value exceeded the overspeed value	Confirm input instruction	Decrease the command value, or adjust the gain.
Overspeed (motor speed above maximum speed	The motor speed exceeds the maximum speed	Confirm motor speed waveform	Reduce speed instruction input gain, adjust servo gain, or adjust operating conditions.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.511:	The output frequency of the frequency division pulse is too large and exceeds the limit value	Confirm the output Settings of the frequency division pulse	Decrease the frequency division pulse number (Pn212) setting for encoder.
Frequency division pulse output overspeed	The motor speed is too high, and the output frequency of the frequency division pulse exceeds the limit value	Confirm the output setting and motor speed of the frequency division pulse	Reduce motor speed.
A.520:	Abnormal motor speed vibration is detected	Confirm the abnormal sound of the motor and the speed and torque waveform during operation	Reduce motor speed. Or reduce the speed loop gain (Pn100).
Vibration alarm	The value of the moment of inertia ratio (Pn103) is larger than the actual value or has a large change	Confirm the moment of inertia ratio	Set the moment of inertia ratio correctly (Pn103).
A.521: Advanced automatic tuning alarm (Vibration	The motor vibrates greatly when using the free adjustment function	Confirm motor speed waveform	Reduce the load below the allowable moment of inertia ratio, or raise the load value of the free adjustment value setting (Fn200), or reduce the rigidity value.
detected in single parameter tuning, EasyFFT, no adjustment power)	In the process of single parameter tuning and EasyFFT, the motor vibrates greatly	Confirm motor speed waveform	Implement the handling measures in each functional operation step.
A.710:	Motor wiring, encoder wiring or connection are abnormal	Confirm wiring	Confirm whether there is any problem with motor wiring and encoder wiring.
overload (Instantaneous maximum	Motor operation exceeds the overload protection characteristic	Confirm the overload characteristics of the motor and running instructions	The load condition and operation condition should be discussed again or redecide motor capacity.
load) A.720: overload (Continuous maximum	The motor is not operated due to mechanical factors, resulting in excessive load during operation	Confirm running instructions and motor speed	Improve mechanical factors.
load)	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.730:	The motor is being driven by external forces	Confirm running status	Do not drive the motor through external forces.
A.730: A.731: DB overload (The power consumption of dynamic brake is	The rotational energy of the DB at stop exceeds the capacity of the DB resistance	Check the DB resistance power consumption (Un00B) to determine the DB frequency	Try the following measures Reduce the command speed of the servo motor. Reduce the moment of inertia ratio. Reduce the number of DB stops.
detected to be too high)	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.

Error No.: Error Name (Con tent)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
A.740: Impulse current limiting resistor overload (The frequency of main	The number of times the impulse current limiting resistance exceeds the ON/OFF limit of the main circuit power supply	_	Reduce the ON/OFF frequency of the main circuit power supply.
circuit power supply is too high)	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Ambient temperature is too high	Use a thermometer to measure the ambient temperature	Improve the installation condition of servo unit and reduce the ambient temperature.
	The operation was performed after resetting the overload alarm several times by turning off the power	The overload alarm is recognized by the display of the alarm record (Fn000)	Change the reset method of the alarm.
A.7A0: Heat sink overheating (Heat sink temperature of servo unit exceeds 100° C)	The load is too large or exceeds the regenerative processing capacity at running	The load in operation is confirmed by the cumulative load rate Un009, and the regenerative processing capacity is confirmed by the regenerative load rate (Un00A)	The load condition and operation condition should be discussed again.
	The mounting direction and spacing between servo unit and other servo units are unreasonable	Confirm the installation status of the servo unit	Install according to servo unit installation standards.
	Servo unit fault	-	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.7AB: Servo unit built-in fan stops	The fan inside the servo unit stops rotating	Confirm there's no foreign object stuck	If an alarm still occurs after the foreign object is removed, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Power on the absolute value encoder for the first time	Check whether it is powered on for the first time	Perform the encoder setting operation (Fn008).
A.810: Encoder backup alarm	The encoder cable was removed and then reconnected	Check whether it is powered on for the first time	Confirm the connection of the encoder and set up the encoder (Fn008)
* Checked only when absolute value encoder is connected	The control power supply (+5V) of the servo unit and the battery power supply are faulty	Verify that the battery and plug status of the encoder plug are correct	After restoring the power supply to the encoder (replacing the battery, etc.), set up the encoder (Fn008).
* Check out on the encoder side	Absolute value encoder fault	_	Replace the servo motor if the alarm cannot be disarmed even if the setting operation is performed again.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.820: Encoder sum check alarm * Check out on the encoder side	Encoder fault	_	Absolute encoder time. If the (Fn008) encoder is set again and alarms still occur frequently, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit. For rotary absolute encoder or incremental encoder, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.830: Encoder battery alarm	The battery is improperly connected or disconnected	Check the battery connection	Connect the battery properly.
(Absolute encoder battery voltage below the specified	Battery voltage below the specified value (2.7V)	Measure the voltage of the battery	Replace the battery.
value)	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.840: Encoder data alarm	Encoder malfunction	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
* Check out on the encoder side	Encoder malfunction due to noise and other interference	_	Properly connect wiring of the encoder periphery. (Separate encoder cable from servo motor main circuit cable, grounding treatment, etc.)
A.850: Encoder overspeed	When the control power is switched on, the servo motor rotates at a speed of more than 200 rpm	Confirm the motor speed when powered on by the motor rotation speed monitor (Un000)	Adjust the servo motor speed to less than 200 rpm, and then switch on the control power +
* Check when the control power is switched on	Encoder fault	_	Switch on the power again, there is still an alarm, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
* Check out on the encoder side	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.860:	The ambient temperature of the servo motor is too high	Measure the ambient temperature of the servo motor	Adjust the ambient temperature of the servo motor below 40° C.
Encoder overheating * Checked only when	The servo motor operates at a load which exceed the rated value	Motor load is confirmed by cumulative load rate (Un009)	Adjust the load of the servo motor to within the rated value before running.
absolute value encoder is connected	Encoder fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
* Check out on the encoder side	Servo unit fault +	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure.
A.8A0: External encoder error	Motor running, absolute value external encoder origin setting failed.	Before setting the origin position, confirm that the motor is not running by the full closed-loop feedback pulse counter monitor (Un00E)	Replace the servo unit. Stop the motor when setting the origin position.
A.8A1:	External encoder error External encoder error	_	Replace the external encoder. Replace the external encoder.
The external encoder module error	The serial conversion unit error	_	Replace the external encoder. Replace the serial conversion unit.
A.8A2: The external encoder sensor error (Incremental type)	External encoder error	-	Replace the external encoder.

Error No.: Error Name (Con tent)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
A.8A3: The external encoder position error (Absolute value)	Absolute external encoder error	_	It is possible that the absolute value external encoder fault. Please take corresponding measures according to the manufacturer's instruction manual.
A.8A5: External encoder overspeed error	Detected overspeed of external encoder	Confirm the maximum speed of the external encoder	Use the external encoder below its maximum speed.
A.8A6: External encoder overheating error	Detected overheating of external encoder	_	Replace the external encoder.
A.b31: Current detection error 1	U-phase current detection loop error	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.b32: Current detection error 2	V-phase current detection loop error	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.b33: Current detection error 3	The current detection loop error	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
current detection error 5	The main circuit cable of servo motor is disconnected	Confirm whether the main circuit cable of the servo motor is disconnected	Repair the motor cable.
A.bF0: System alarm 0	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.bF1: System alarm 1	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.bF2: System alarm 2	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.bF3: System alarm 3	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.bF4: System alarm 4	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	The U, V, W phase sequence of the motor connection is wrong	Confirm motor wiring	Confirm whether there is any problem with motor wiring.
A.C10: Prevent out of control detection * Check out when the	Encoder fault	_	If there is no problem with the motor wiring, switch on the power again, there is still an alarm, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
servo is ON	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.C80: Encoder clear abnormal (The upper limit of	Encoder fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
the number of turns is abnormal)	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Poor contact of encoder connector, or wrong plug connection	Confirm the status of the port used by the encoder connection	Insert encoder plug again to confirm the encoder connection.
	Encoder cable breaks, short circuit, or uses a cable that exceeds the specified impedance	Confirm the status of the encoder cable	Use the encoder cable as required specification.
A.C90: Encoder communication error	Corrosion caused by temperature, humidity and gas; Short circuit caused by water drop and cutting oil; Poor plug contact due to vibration	Confirm the operating environment	Improve the operating environment and replace the cable. Even if there is no improvement, replace the servo unit.
enoi	Malfunction caused by noise interference.	_	Correctly connect wiring of the encoder periphery (separate the encoder cable from the servo motor main circuit cable, ground treatment, etc.).
	Servo unit fault	_	If no alarm occurs when the servo motor is connected to other servo units and the control power is switched on, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A C91:	Encoder cable may be snagged, cladding damaged and signal line interfered	Confirm the status of encoder cables and access ports	Confirm whether there is a problem with the laying of encoder cables.
Encoder communication position data acceleration	Encoder cables are bundled or too close to high current wires	Confirm the setting status of the encoder cable	Lay the encoder cable in a position where it will not be subjected to surge voltage.
is abnormal	The potential varies of FG due to the influence of the equipment (welding machine, etc.) at the motor side	Confirm the setting status of the encoder cable	Ground the machine to prevent shunt to the encoder side FG.
	The signal line of the encoder is interfered	-	Implement anti-jamming countermeasures for encoder wiring.
A.C92:	Encoder withstand excessive vibration impact	Confirm service condition	Reduce the vibration of the machine. Or install the servo motor correctly.
The encoder			Switch on the power again, there is still an alarm, it could
communication timer is abnormal	Encoder fault	_	be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.

Error No.: Error Name (Con tent)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
A.CA0:	Encoder fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
Encoder parameter abnormal	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm,lt could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Encoder wiring error, poor contact	Check the encoder wiring	Check whether the cable to the encoder is faulty.
	Encoder cable specifications are different, subject to noise interference	_	Change the cable specifications to double stranded cable or double stranded overall shielded cable. The core wire is more than 0.12mm² and tinned soft copper stranded cable.
	The connection distance of encoder cable is too long, which is interfered by noise	_	The maximum connection distance is 50m.
A.Cb0: The encoder loopback check is abnormal	The potential varies of FG due to the influence of the equipment (welding machine, etc.) at the motor side	Confirm the setting status of the encoder cable	Ground the machine to prevent shunt to the encoder side FG.
	Encoder withstand excessive vibration impact	Confirm service condition	Reduce the vibration of the machine. Or install the servo motor correctly.
	Encoder fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.
	Servo unit fault	-	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	The upper limit for DD motor rotation (Pn205) is different from the upper limit for encoder rotation	Confirm Pn205	Set the Pn205 correctly (0 ~65535) .
A.CC0: The upper limit of the number of turns is inconsistent	The upper limit of the number of revolutions of the encoder is different from the parameter of the servo unit, or this parameter is changed	Confirm the value of servo unit Pn205	Change the Setting Fn013 when an alarm is occurring.
	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
	Incorrect connection or poor contact of the cable between serial conversion unit and servo unit	Confirm the cables to the external encoder	Correctly connect cables between serial conversion unit and servo unit.
A.CF1: Feedback Communication	No specified cable is used between serial conversion unit and servo unit	Confirm cable specifications for external encoder	Use the correct specified cable.
error of optional module (receiving error)	The cable between the serial conversion unit and the servo unit is too long	Change the length of the cable connecting the serial conversion unit	Make the cable length between serial conversion unit and servo unit within 20m.
	The cable cladding between serial conversion unit and servo unit is damaged	Confirm that the serial conversion unit is connected to the cable	Replace the cable between serial conversion unit and servo unit.
	The connection of U, V and W of servo motor is incorrect	Confirm the connection of main circuit cable of servo motor	Check whether the motor cable or encoder cable has poor contact and other problems.
A.d00:	The frequency of the position instruction is too high	Try to decrease the command pulse rate before running	Reduce the position command pulse frequency or command acceleration, or adjust the electronic gear ratio.
Excessive position deviation	Position instruction acceleration is too large	Try to decrease the command acceleration before running	Add smoothing functions of the time constant of position instruction acceleration and deceleration (Pn216).
(When the servo is OFF, the position deviation exceeds the position deviation alarm value (Pn520).)	The alarm value of 'excessive position deviation' (Pn520) is too low relative to the operating conditions	Verify that the position deviation alarm value (Pn520) is appropriate	Set the Pn520 parameter correctly.
alai iii value (F1520).)	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. There is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.d01: Excessive position deviation alarm when servo ON	When the position deviation is above the set value of Pn526, the servo ON	Confirm the position deviation of the servo ON (Un008)	To clear the position deviation when the servo ON or set the correct alarm value of excessive position deviation (Pn526) when the servo ON.
A.d02: Warning of excessive position deviation caused by speed limit when servo ON	When the servo is ON in the position deviation accumulation state, the speed is limited by the speed limit value (Pn529) when the servo is ON. Input a position command in this state exceeds the set value of the excessive position deviation alarm (Pn520).	_	To clear the position deviation when the servo ON or set the correct alarm value of excessive position deviation (Pn526) when the servo ON or set the servo ON speed limit value (Pn529) to the correct value.
A.d10: Excessive position deviation between Motor -	Motor rotation direction is opposite to the external encoder mounting direction	Confirm the motor rotation direction and the external encoder installation direction	Reverse the mounting direction of the external encoder, or set the rotation direction of the "Method of Using the External Encoder (Pn002.3)" to the opposite direction.
load	The load position of the worktable, etc., and the installation failure of the external encoder junction	Confirm external encoder connection	Mechanical binding again.
	Poor connection between servo unit and STO module	Confirm the connection between the servo unit and the STO module	Properly connect STO modules.
A.E71: STO module Detect failure alarm	Removed the STO module	-	Run Fn014 (clear the optional module check out result) through the digital operator or SigmaWin+, then power on again.
	STO module is faulty Servo unit fault	-	Replace STO module. Replace servo unit.
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Error No.: Error Name (Con tent)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
A.F72:	Poor connection between servo unit and feedback optional module	Confirm the connection between the servo unit and the feedback optional module	Correctly connected feedback optional modules.
Feedback optional module Detect failure alarm	Removed the feedback optional module	_	Run Fn014 (clear the optional module check result) and power on again.
	Feedback optional module is faulty	_	Replace the feedback optional module.
	Servo unit fault	_	Replace servo unit.
A.F74:	STO module is faulty	_	Replace STO module.
Alarm for unsupported STO module	An unsupported STO module is connected	Refer to the product catalog of connected servo units and STO modules	Connect the supported STO modules.
A.F75:	Feedback optional module is faulty	_	Replace the feedback optional module.
Alarm for unsupported feedback optional module	An unsupported feedback optional module connected	Refer to the product catalog of connected servo units and feedback optional modules	Connect the supported feedback optional modules.
A.Eb1: The signal input time of the security function is abnormal	The startup time difference between the input signals /HWBB1 and / HWBB2 of the hardwired base blocking function is more than 10 seconds	Measure the time difference between the two input signals	May be /HWBB1, /HWBB2 output signal loop fault, machine fault, servo unit input signal loop fault, input signal cable broken. Confirm the fault or disconnection.
A.F10:	The three-phase power cable is poor connected	Confirm power cables	Check whether the power cable is faulty.
Power phase loss (In the ON state of the	The three-phase power supply is unbalanced	Measure the voltage of each phase of the three-phase power supply	Correct unbalance of power supply (transpose phase).
main power supply, the low voltage state of a phase in the R, S, T phase lasts for more than 1 second) when	Without the parameter setting of single-phase input (Pn00B.2 = 1), the single-phase power supply is directly input	Confirm power and parameter Settings	Set power input and parameters correctly.
the main circuit power supply is switched on	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.F26	The torque instruction reached its maximum value	_	Properly connect the UVW power wires of the motor
A.F28	Position instruction abnormal	Check the values of 6064 and 607A	Input position instructions correctly
FL-1*2: System alarm	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure.
FL-2*2: System alarm	Servo unit fault	_	Replace the servo unit.

Reason of error alarm and handling method

Warning No.: Warning name (Content)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
	The connection of U, V and W of servo motor is incorrect	Confirm the connection of main circuit cable of servo motor	Check whether the motor cable or encoder cable has poor contact and other problems.
	The servo unit gain is low	Check if the gain of the servo unit is too low	Improve servo gain through advanced automatic tuning.
A.900:	The frequency of the position instruction pulse is too high	Try to decrease the command pulse rate before running	Reduce the position command pulse frequency or command acceleration, or adjust the electronic gear ratio.
Excessive position deviation	Position instruction acceleration is too large.	Try to decrease the command acceleration before running	Add smoothing functions of the time constant of position instruction acceleration and deceleration (Pn216/Pn217).
	The excessive position deviation alarm value (Pn520) is too low relative to the operating conditions	Verify that the excessive position deviation alarm value (Pn520) is appropriate	Set the Pn520 correctly.
	Servo unit fault	_	Switch on the power again. there is still an alarm, it could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.901: Excessive position deviation when servo ON	When servo ON, the accumulated position deviation exceeds set ratio $\frac{\text{Pn520} \times \text{Pn51E}}{100}$	_	To clear the position deviation when the servo is OFF or set the appropriate position deviation excessive warning value when the servo is ON (Pn528).
	Motor wiring, encoder wiring or poor connection	Confirm connection	Confirm whether there is any problem with motor wiring and encoder wiring.
A.910: Overload (Then Warning	Motor operation exceeds the overload protection characteristic	Confirm motor overload characteristics and operation instructions	Reconsider the load and operating conditions. Or, increase the motor capacity.
before it becomes overload alarm (A.710 A.720))	The motor is not driven due to mechanical factors, resulting in excessive load during operation	Confirm instructions and motor speed	Improve mechanical factors.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.911: Vibration	Detect abnormal vibration in motor operation	Confirm the abnormal sound of the motor and the speed and torque waveform during operation	Reduce motor speed or servo gain by single parameter tuning.
	The value of the rotary inertia ratio (Pn103) is larger than the actual value or it has a large change	Confirm the rotary inertia ratio	Set the rotary inertia ratio correctly (Pn103).

Warning No.: Warning name (Content)	Reason	Confirmation method	Handling method
	The power supply voltage exceeds the specification range.	Measure voltage of power supply +	Set the voltage of power supply within the specification range.
A.920: Regenerative overload (The warning before it becomes regenerative overload alarm	External regenerative resistance value, servo unit capacity or regenerative resistance capacity is insufficient, or in continuous regenerative state	Reconfirm running conditions or capacity (capacity selection software HCServoWorks, etc.)	Change the regenerative resistance value, regenerative resistance capacity, or servo unit capacity. The operating conditions were adjusted again (capacity selection software HCServoWorks, etc.).
(A.320))	Continuous bearing of negative load, in a state of continuous regeneration	Confirm the load applied to the running servo motor	Rediscuss the system including servo, machinery and operating conditions.
	The motor is being driven by external forces	Confirm operation status	Do not drive the motor through external forces.
A.921: DB overload (The warning before it becomes DB overload (A.731))	The rotational energy of the DB at stop exceeds the capacity of the DB resistance	Check the DB resistance power consumption (Un00B) to determine the DB frequency	Try the following measures Reduce the command speed of the servo motor. Reduce the moment of inertia ratio. Reduce the number of DB stops.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.930: Battery failure of absolute	The battery is improperly connected or disconnected	Check the battery connection	Connect the battery properly.
value encoder (Absolute value encoder battery voltage below the	Battery voltage below the specified value (2.7V)	Measure the voltage of the battery	Replace the battery.
specified value) * Check out when connecting absolute value encoder only	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.941: Changed the parameters that need to repower	Changed the parameters that need to be repower	_	Repower servo drive
	200V servo unit, AC power supply voltage below 140V, 400V servo unit, AC power supply voltage below 280V	Measure voltage of power supply	Adjust the supply voltage to the normal range.
A.971:	The power supply voltage drops during operation	Measure voltage of power supply	Increase the power capacity.
Undervoltage	Instantaneous power cut	Measure voltage of power supply	If the instantaneous outage hold time (Pn509) is changed, set it to a smaller value.
	The fuse of the servo unit has blown	_	Replace the servo unit and connect the reactor before using the servo unit.
	Servo unit fault	_	It could be a servo unit failure. Replace the servo unit.
A.9A0: Overtravel (Overtravel status was detected.)	Overtravel was detected while the servo was ON.	Check the status of the overtravel signals on the input signal monitor (Un005).	The reason of error and handling method can be judged from the action and state of the servo motor ". In addition, if the overtravel signal cannot be confirmed with the input signal monitor (Un005), a transient overtravel may be detected. Take the following measures Do not send instructions from the upper device to the position which is overtravel. Confirm the signal connection of the overtravel signal. Adopt anti-interference countermeasures.
A.9B0	The setting of soft limit is incorrect.	Check whether the 607D value is correct	Set the value of 607D in the correct range
A.9B1	The setting of origin offset is incorrect.	Check whether the 607D and 607C values are correct	Set the values of 607D and 607C in the correct range
A.9B2	Synchronization frame data is lost	Check whether the twisted-pair shielded communications cable is used. Check whether the driver is properly grounded;	Use twisted-pair shielded cables. Connect cables according to standard wiring instructions; After setting the pre-used synchronization period, switch the drive EtherCAT communication state machine to the running mode. If the synchronization period of the master station has a large error, adjust the synchronization loss fault tolerance Pn785 of the master station or the slave station.
A.9B3	EtherCAT communication was interrupted	Check whether the twisted-pair shielded communications cable is used. Check whether the driver is properly grounded;	1. Use twisted-pair shielded cables. 2. Connect cables according to standard wiring instructions: 3. After setting the pre-used synchronization period, switch the drive EtherCAT communication state machine to the running mode. 4. If the synchronization period of the master station has a large error, adjust the synchronization loss fault tolerance Pn785 of the master station or the slave station.
A.9B4	EtherCAT network initialization failed.	The device configuration file is not burned. The servo drive is faulty	Burn the corresponding xml file, or replace the servo drive
A.9B5	Current loop status alarm	The torque instruction is less than 30%, and the motor is stopping	Set torque instructions and maximum torque limits correctly
A.9B7	The enable condition is not satisfied	If the hardware base is not locked, the device cannot be enabled if the conditions are not satisfied. Or the bus voltage is undervoltage	Confirm whether the bus voltage supply is normal; Check whether the CN3 port is normal
A.9B8	Any input of security interface is not connected to +24V	Check whether the security function uses signal STO(CN3) properly	Restore the secure interface after ensuring that it is secure
A.9B9	Emergency stop warning	Check the Pn515.3 E-Stop signal allocation and whether the DI terminal logic is set to valid.	Check the operating mode and release the DI brake signal when it is safe

Function code definition

Function Definition of the digital input terminal (DI)		
Function name	Name description	Function instruction
P-OT	Forward Drive Prohibit	When the mechanical movement exceeds the movable range limit switch action, enter the overtravel protection function Valid: Positive limit, positive motion is prohibited Invalid: Normal range, positive motion is allowed
N-OT	Reverse Drive Prohibit	When the mechanical movement exceeds the movable range limit switch action, enter the overtravel protection function Effective: Negative limit, negative motion is prohibited Invalid: Normal range, negative motion is allowed
/HomeSwitch	Homing signal	Invalid: Homing not completed Valid: Homing completed
EXT	Probe signal	Invalid: Position latch is not performed Valid: Position latch using probe
BK	Brake signal	Invalid: Brake action Valid: Brake does not act

